IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF ALABAMA **NORTHERN DIVISION**

J.B., a minor child, by and through his next friend, ADDIE WARD, on Behalf of himself and all others similarly situated;

Plaintiff,

CASE NO: 2:06cv00755-MHT VS.

WALTER WOOD, in his individual

capacity,

Defendant.

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF ALABAMA **NORTHERN DIVISION**

J.B., a minor child, by and through his next friend, ADDIE WARD, on Behalf of himself and all others similarly situated;

Plaintiff,

CASE NO: 2:06cv00908-MEF vs.

WALTER WOOD, in his individual

capacity,

Defendant.

PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO AMEND/CORRECT FILING

Plaintiff, J.B., hereby requests the Court to hereby to amend/correct Plaintiff's Consolidated Response to Defendant's Motion to Suppress and Summary Judgment Reply Brief filed on August 9, 2007 (Doc. #58) with the attached corrected version.

/s/Robert D. Drummond, Jr. ROBERT D. DRUMMOND, JR. (DRU004) Attorney for Plaintiff

OF COUNSEL:

323 De La Mare Avenue Fairhope, Alabama 36532 (251) 990-6249

> /s/Michael J. Crow MICHAEL J. CROW (CRO039) Attorney for Plaintiff

OF COUNSEL:

BEASLEY, ALLEN, CROW, METHVIN, PORTIS & MILES, P.C. P.O. Box 4160 Montgomery, AL 36103-4160 (334) 269-2343 - Telephone (334) 954-7555 - Facsimile

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on the 14th day of August, 2007, I electronically filed the foregoing with the Clerk of the Court using the CM/ECF system, which will send notification of such filing to the following:

T. Dudley Perry P.O. Box 66 Mt. Meigs, AL 36057

Michael Crow P.O. Box 4160 Montgomery, AL 36103-4160

Robert D. Drummond Attorney at Law 323 De LaMare

Fairhope, AL 36532

/s/Robert D. Drummond, Jr.
OF COUNSEL

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF ALABAMA **NORTHERN DIVISION**

J.B., a minor child, by and through his next friend, ADDIE WARD, on Behalf of himself and all others similarly situated;

Case 2:06-cv-00755-MHT-CSC

Plaintiff,

VS.

CASE NO: 2:06cv00755-MHT

WALTER WOOD, in his individual

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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF ALABAMA **NORTHERN DIVISION**

J.B., a minor child, by and through his next friend, ADDIE WARD, on Behalf of himself and all others

similarly situated;

Plaintiff,

CASE NO: 2:06cv00908-MEF

WALTER WOOD, in his individual

capacity,

vs.

Defendant.

PLAINTIFF'S CONSOLIDATED RESPONSE TO DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO SUPPRESS AND SUMMARY JUDGMENT REPLY BRIEF

COMES NOW the plaintiff, by and through counsel, and in response to the Defendant's Motion To Suppress and Defendant's Summary Judgment Reply Brief states as follows:

Subsequent to the filing of plaintiff's brief in opposition to summary judgment, the defendant filed a motion to suppress certain portions of the brief and exhibits attached thereto, and later filed a reply brief. (Documents 43 and 49 respectively). Both documents assert facts not raised in the motion for summary judgment and brief in support thereof.

The motion to suppress appears to be premised on defendant's assertion that: "Plaintiff's entire case is a sham because every fact he disputes is immaterial." See page 3 of the motion to suppress.

The reply brief primarily attempts to correct defendant's original factually inaccurate "Undisputed Facts" and asserts new facts and exhibits.

LEGAL CONTEXT OF PLAINTIFF'S CLAIMS

The plaintiff has set forth two causes of action, each separate and distinct from the other; the §1983 claim and state law claims. Neither cause of action relies in whole or part on the other and each claim could have been brought as the only count or cause of action in these lawsuits.

More specifically, the §1983 claim is premised on the unreasonable delay in detention without care, treatment or services pending appropriate placement by the defendant. This claim is unaffected by Alabama law which requires committed children to be placed within seven days of notice of commitment. Plaintiff does not contend that violation of the seven day placement requirement constitutes, per se, a violation of plaintiff's due process rights under the United States Constitution. Rather, the only relationship the seven day requirement has to the constitutional claim, is as Judge Albritton pointed out in *A.G. V. Wood*, "A violation of a state statute is not necessarily the equivalent of a federal constitutional violation... A violation of a state defined procedure can however, also constitute a violation of federal due process." See Albritton order, page 5, Exhibit 16 to plaintiff's summary judgment brief.

Thus, while the state seven day requirement does not form the basis of the §1983 claim, a violation of the seven day rule provides strong support for the conclusion that the defendant was fully aware of the wrongful character of his conduct, and the Court may conclude that detention delays beyond seven days are unreasonable.

Conversely, if the state of Alabama had a requirement that children need not be placed for 21 days, such a statutory provision could well be found to be an unreasonable delay and therefore unconstitutional. Moreover, §12-15-71(j), Code of Alabama (1975) which states if acceptance of a child would cause an agency to be in violation of a state statute or standard, then seven day compliance is not required, could well be found to be violative of due process for detained children and thus unconstitutional.

This particular question is not before the Court in this case as the overwhelming evidence establishes that acceptance of J.B. within seven days would not have caused DYS to be in violation of any state statute or standard. Although the defendant intimates in his reply brief that acceptance of J.B within seven days would have caused a violation of a state statute or standard, the defendant does not identify either.

While the federal claim stands alone, the seven-day state law requirement is illustrative of the reasoning of the Alabama legislature as to the amount of time considered reasonable for placement. Likewise, the state law claims, premised solely

on state law, can be adjudicated without reference to United States Constitutional due process requirements.

It is possible, for example, that the federal claim, is not successful for some reason, yet the state claims be adjudicated in favor of the plaintiff if the evidence establishes that placement did not occur within seven days and all other elements of the cause of action are proven.

Throughout defendant's motion for summary judgment, brief, motion to suppress and reply brief, the context of these respective claims is lost and/or misrepresented. As each cause of action stands alone, the evidence before the court is overwhelming that defendant is not entitled to summary judgment on either count.

THE DEFENDANT'S EVIDENCE IN THE CONTEXT OF THE RESPECTIVE CAUSES OF ACTION

Critical to the respective causes of action is the defendant's evidence regarding fundamental issues: As to the federal claim: the reasonableness of J.B.'s detention time pending placement. As to the state claims: whether acceptance of J.B. within seven days would have caused DYS to be in violation of a state statute or standard.

As established by the motion for summary judgment and supporting brief, the defendant never asserts, claims or offers evidence that 1) the length of J.B's detention was reasonable; or 2) that acceptance of J.B. within seven days would have caused DYS to be in violation of a state statute or standard.

As established by the motion to suppress and reply brief, the defendant still does not assert that J.B.'s detention stay was reasonable. In his reply brief, on the last page, 44, defendant intimates that acceptance of J.B. would have caused DYS to be in violation of "statutes and standards". Just as he did in his deposition, the defendant does not identify a single statute or standard that would have been violated. As established herein, the reason the defendant has not, will not and never will be able to make such assertion is that numerous appropriate beds were available for J.B.'s placement. (Pendergast Affidavit Exh. 4 to Reply Brief)

Document 59-2

DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO SUPPRESS

Defendant's motion to suppress asserts various evidentiary submission are immaterial. Because of the defendant's unfocused assertions from page 2-13, it is impossible to determine with any degree of certainty defendant's contentions.

- * On page 13, the defendant requests suppression of pages 9-13 of plaintiffs brief and Exhibit 13 attached thereto. Pages 9-13 of plaintiff's brief, part of the "Statement of Facts", set forth the statutory provisions regarding DYS acceptance of committed children. Although the defendant's conduct in regard to J.B. and hundreds of other children suggests he believes the statutes to be immaterial, plaintiff believes they are material as they establish the basis of plaintiff's state law claims.
- * Also on pages 9-13 are facts, fully supported, detailing the policies, procedures and practices of the defendant and DYS relating to the receipt of commitment notices through placement of children. As to each respective cause of action, the section entitled "DYS Acceptance Process" sets forth facts material to the dispositive issues. For example, §12-15-61(c) Code of Alabama, (1975) requires placement within seven days of notice of commitment. The facts to which defendant objects set forth that the defendant has perpetuated a policy, procedure or practice whereby committed children are not even placed on the staffing list until certain ancillary documentation is sent to

DYS. Likewise Wood adopted a policy, procedure or practice whereby Screening and Placement has two weeks to classify and staff a child, which is one week longer that the statutory period to actually accept a child. (Exhibit 13 to plaintiff's S/J brief) These examples, like all other facts fully supported in plaintiff's statement of facts are material to the issue of deliberate indifference, defendant's claim of qualified immunity, defendant's supervisory liability, as well as his negligence and wantonness under state law.

* The defendant next asserts the entire depositions of Wood and Pendergast, not directly referenced in the brief, should be suppressed. The defendant cites no authority for such an assertion; he simply complains, "they are replete with objectionable questions, immaterial and irrelevant testimony and otherwise inadmissible testimony."

In the plaintiff's statement of facts there are no less than twenty-two distinct and direct references to deposition testimony. As the defendant's responses are only fully representative if read in the context of the lines of questioning, it would be unfair to the defendant to target a single page or line without providing the full context. Likewise, it would be misleading to the Court to only have targeted portions of testimony without the context in which the response was given.

Equally as important, in this case, is the testimony that the defendant and Pendergast did not give, namely that no assertion is made that J.B.'s delay in placement was reasonable or that placement of J.B. within seven days would have caused DYS to be in violation of some statute or standard. Plaintiff has no way of supporting this fact without submission of the entire deposition. Moreover, plaintiff was fully aware that defendant in his reply brief would attempt to suggest that J.B.'s

placement within seven days would cause DYS to be in violation of a statute or standard. Absent submission of the entire deposition, plaintiff would have no way to establish defendant's testimony on the issue, as a sur-reply brief is not normally permitted.

Additionally, denial of qualified immunity is immediately appealable to the Eleventh Circuit, whereby the Court would look, de novo, to the entire record. Absent submission of the entire deposition plaintiff could not support his contention that the defendant never made assertions regarding the reasonableness issue or the seven-day placement issue.

Finally, counsel for the defendant had every opportunity to examine the defendant at deposition and declined to do so.

Although rarely the case, the submission of the entire depositions of Wood and Pendergast is proper, appropriate and necessary to the disposition of defendant's motion for summary judgment.

- * Defendant next asserts that pages 16-19 of plaintiff's brief, excerpted from defendant's deposition should be suppressed. Again, defendant cites not authority to support his assertion. Instead, he argues that plaintiff's argument is erroneous. Defendant's position is properly argued in a reply brief not a motion to suppress. If one adopted defendant's rationale, the majority of his "Undisputed Facts:" in his summary judgment brief would be stricken for being erroneous, as he recognizes in his reply brief wherein he corrects his many factual inaccuracies.
- * Defendant's next suppression target, is a statement on page 19 of plaintiff's brief, wherein plaintiff states:

"Defendant Wood is required by DYS policy to review the space requirements of each facility on an annual basis and document corrective action. (Exhibit 20)" Plaintiff then states "Defendant Wood has no documentation reflecting this review, nor any documentation reflecting corrective action. (Wood depo. Pgs. 12-16)" Both statements are factually supported by the evidence. Wood cites a portion of his testimony at page 15 of his deposition to attempt to establish his point that the statements are erroneous.

A review of the statements made and supporting cites by the plaintiff shows that plaintiff referenced five (5) pages, 12-16, of deposition testimony so that all the responses of Wood, which gave rise to plaintiff's fact statement, could be given consideration. The defendant decries the submission of extensive deposition testimony offered to be balanced, yet what he submits to the court is a few lines out of 5 pages which completely ignores the testimony giving rise to plaintiff's factually accurate statement. Defendant's suggestion on this point is hypocritical and any objection should be argued in his reply brief.

* Defendant next seeks suppression of the FY 2004 and FY 2005 annual reports to the Governor. The statute mandating these reports is brief and without detail, however, despite the brevity of the filing requirements, the statute is specific regarding setting forth in the report, inter alia, the need for facilities under DYS's jurisdiction and the juvenile conditions in the state. Neither report contains such information, despite the need for additional facilities and despite an ever-growing waiting list and length of detention stays pending placement.

It is obvious the defendant believes these reports to be irrelevant, as evidenced

by his acknowledged failure to comply with the statutory reporting mandates. However, the failure of the defendant to comply with his statutory obligation is yet another of many acts and omissions evidencing defendant's deliberate indifference and the reports are obviously relevant to that issue.

* The defendant next seeks suppression of excerpts of Wood's and Pendergast's deposition relating to a fundamental issue; that being what the defendant considered a reasonable detention time pending placement. Defendant argues that neither deponent could answer because reasonable depends on "ALL" the circumstances of the individual case-not just a limited hypothetical set of circumstances dreamed up by J.B.'s attorney. What defendant's counsel conveniently fails to disclose to the Court is that in answering this line of questions Wood and Pendergast reviewed and had before them the entire screening and placement file utilized by the Screening and Placement committee at the time of the respective children's commitment, detention and placement. In answering these questions regarding reasonableness the deponents had all the information available to DYS at the time the child was staffed. This testimony is relevant, material and is properly submitted as part of plaintiff's brief.

For the reasons set forth above the Motion to Suppress is due to be denied.

DEFENDANT'S REPLY BRIEF

In his reply brief the defendant restates his previously provided "Undisputed Facts" and goes on to argue various points and offer new facts. From his reply, it is clear the defendant incorrectly assumes the plaintiff believes that plaintiff's supported facts of defendant's conduct, acts and omissions, regarding space review requirements, annual reports, corrective action documentation, etc, individually, are tantamount to deliberate indifference. What plaintiff does not comprehend is that each of these acts or omissions, and countless others, are evidence of his deliberate indifference.

* Defendant argues on page 6 of his reply brief, that any waiting list is the product of systemic deficiencies. What plaintiff ignores is that while the number of children on the waiting list is important, the issue is not the number of children on the list, the issue is the length of time any one child, including J.B., languishes in detention awaiting placement. Further, the waiting list could have just a single child on the list, but if that wait in detention pending placement exceeded seven days, or was unreasonable for due process purposes, the same lawsuit as filed by J.B. would be viable.

Equally disturbing is defendant's failure to recognize that the system he decries was adopted and perpetuated or in fact created by the defendant. For example, the defendant requires committing courts to send additional marginally relevant materials to DYS before the child is staffed; Wood allows staffing only once a week, for the benefit of his employees, further delaying placement: Wood does not even contemplate alternative placements to detention. Wood, instead of addressing space needs annually does so only facilities every third year; Wood opts to contract for private placements instead of operating DYS facilities; Wood fails to utilize existing resources to meet the needs of committed children. Wood bemoans the very system that he created and/or perpetuates.

* Wood further argues that it is certain categories at certain time that results in a waiting list. See page 8 of the reply brief. Wood goes on to say: "There are dozens of categories, each of which is a wait list from time to time." This argument is not only a fraud upon this Court, it is a fraud perpetrated on the juvenile Courts of this state, the

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citizens of this state and the children committed to DYS custody. This fraud is created when the defendant espouses that committed children are classified and staffed by the Screening and Placement Committee and staffing is the result of classifying students according to their needs and determinations made as to appropriate placement.

As evidenced by the testimony of two Screening and Placement Committee members, the screening and placement process, as lauded by the defendant, is a farce. Six year committee member Garry Gregg testified that:

- * Screening and Placement does not classify children. (Gregg depo. pg 17 lines 47)
- * Screening and Placement does not categorize children. (Gregg depo. Pg lines 810)
- * Screening and Placement makes treatment decisions regarding children. (Gregg depo. Pg 17 lines11-13)
- * He doesn't know if Screening and Placement has a classification manual. (Gregg depo. Pg 16 lines 22-pg 17 line 3)

Seven year committee member Queen Barker testified that:

- * Screening and Placement exists to determine which placement a child could be housed to receive their services. (Barker depo. Pg 7 line 22-pg 8 line 40
- * Screening and Placement is not there to develop service plans. (Barker depo. Pg8 lines 5-8)
- * Screening and Placement neither classifies nor categorizes, and she's not sure what classification means. (Barker depo. Pgs 26-28)

- * She is unaware of what a drug and alcohol score of 52 means. (Barker depo. Pg 29) (JB's score was 52 which is in the chemically dependent range)
- * She understands it to be DYS policy that whatever facility a child is placed DYS is to secure the services to meet his needs. (Barker depo. Pg 42.)

Because each deposition was brief in duration, due to a one-hour limitation imposed by the magistrate in this case, Doc. #55, the plaintiff was unable to comprehensively examine the deponents. The above deposition related statements are a compilation of the testimony of the deponents and are subject to context. Plaintiff has attached hereto the relatively short transcripts in the interest of fairness and completeness. Exhibits 1 and 2

* In his reply, Wood argues for the first time, other than in his Motion to Suppress, that J.B. was not placed because when he was committed there was "no available bed in the system for him. Wood reply brief at pgs. 12, 13 (A review of the summary judgment brief reveals this assertion is never made.) Wood goes on to argue, "The staffing process was not the cause of J.B.'s wait in detention-the problem was no detention pending placement." Page 13 of reply brief. This assertion and the following statement of Wood reflect the "system" that Wood has created and perpetuated, which he now decries as the culprit, and which directly leads to children waiting so long for placement.

Wood states "The Plaintiff implies that the Screening and Placement process and the Service Plan process are unrelated as though any child can be placed in any facility and a service plan delivered without regard to whether needs fit the capability of the facility to deliver services." Reply brief at page 13. This statement exposes Wood's and/or his legal counsel's complete lack of comprehension regarding their legal responsibility for the provision of care, services, treatment and rehabilitation opportunities for committed children.

What Wood and counsel ignore is that the initial placement of a committed child is for the assessment, development and implementation of the service plan and is based on generic characteristics, such as gender, age, risk assessment, etc; not based on what the Screening and Placement committee determines are program needs of the child. See Pendergast depo. at pg. 166 lines 6-9, and DYS Policy 16.3 attached as Exhibit 9 to plaintiff's S/J brief) However, this is exactly what Wood has created and/or perpetuated. Instead of placing children into appropriate housing where their needs can be evaluated and then a service plan developed and implemented, Wood has contracted for programmatic beds in a manner that he himself describes as "guesswork" (Exhibit 3 to S/J brief at page 4), not only creating these "category waiting list" but equally and maybe more so troubling depriving children of accurate assessments of their needs and development and implementation of appropriate service plans.

Wood now seeks to hide behind the very system he created and/or perpetuated and seeks relief by in essence asserting that his "guesswork" was wrong. Even assuming that Wood's guesswork scheme was appropriate, when questioned as to what length of detention stay, 7, 14, 21, days, was used in determining the number of beds needed, Wood stated he didn't take that into account. (Wood depo. at page 241).

Because Wood has intentionally chosen to guess on the number of beds needed and to do so every three years utilizing private providers, children, including J.B. are pigeonholed into programs and must wait unreasonable times to be placed into a facility which will only provide what the program has to offer instead of what the child needs.

* In Wood's brief he renews his argument that this case be analyzed under the Eight Amendment. Based on the prior decisions of the Middle District of Alabama and the Eleventh Circuit on this and related issues, plaintiff rejects that notion.

* In regard to his new assertion that a bed was not available to J.B. and the intimation that acceptance of J.B. within seven days would cause a violation of a state statute or standard, the evidence is as follows:

According to the Pendergast affidavit, Exhibit 4 to the reply brief, during both J.B. staffing dates beds at numerous facilities were available including the Montgomery Group Home, the Mt. Meigs campus, the Alabama Youth Home in Westover, the Mobile Group Home and the Alabama Youth Home in Wetumpka.

As Wood testified in deposition at pages 110-119 children can be placed at these facilities and receive community services. Wood, not only failed to place J.B. in one of the available beds, where his service plan could have been developed and implemented, he never even considered such option. All Wood did was send a letter to the committing Court stating that J.B. was non-violent and asking the Court to send him home. Wood did this, knowing he had full authority to place J.B. anywhere he desired. Wood acknowledges he is the final decision maker regarding placement. (Wood depo. Pages 37, 62). Because these beds were available, Woods cannot assert that acceptance of J.B. would have caused DYS to be in violation of a statute or standard. Wood has had six opportunities, Motion for Summary Judgment, Motion to Suppress, Reply Brief, deposition testimony, and two affidavits to claim and identify any such statute or standard which would have been violated by the placement of J.B. within seven days or a reasonable time. The reason he has declined on six occasions is because such assertion would be false. This fact is undeniable.

* The defendant next argues "Right to Treatment Issues." While the plaintiff recognizes that the right to treatment concept for juveniles is unresolved, this is not a right to treatment case. It is a due process deprivation of liberty case and inquiry into a right to treatment, while important, is not dispositive of the issue.

Defendant in attempting to distinguish the case of D.W. v Rogers, 113 F.3d 1214, 1218 (11 th Cir. 1007), a case decided by the Eleventh Circuit a year after Judge Hobbs A.W. Order, misses the point. What defendant misses from the case is the distinction the Court made between those in state custody and those committed to the legal custody of the state yet not physically in state custody. A reading of the Court's opinion leaves no doubt that the Court would have reached a different conclusion had the minor child been in detention awaiting a mental health placement. The issue was one of substantive due process and when does such right attach. The Court concluded it attaches when the state physically deprives one of their liberty.

Wood next continues to argue that J.B. does not have a constitutional right to placement in a reasonable time. This issue is undebatable. Judge Hobbs has told his predecessors so, he had been told so by Judge Albritton and he personally has settled with monetary payment to the plaintiffs in a least five different cases. Defendant asserts. "That well is now dry." (Page 26 of reply brief.) Plaintiff can only hope and pray that what defendant means is that he will no longer cause hundreds of children to languish in detention awaiting placement, such that future litigation is unnecessary.

PRISON LITIGATION REFORM ACT

The defendant asserts "The PLRA bars the first lawsuit because the Plaintiff was in the custody of the state when the lawsuit was filed." The defendant cites no authority for this conclusory statement, which in fact is incorrect.

Because the defendant fails to offer any facts, authority or argument for this blanket assertion it is impossible to respond other than to the reference by defendant to §1997(e) (page 2 of reply brief) This section, if it is even applicable, and plaintiff asserts it is not as discussed in the summary judgment brief, does not bar a lawsuit it only places a limitation on the recovery for mental or emotional injury without showing of physical injury. Even assuming application of the provision, plaintiff has alleged unjustifiable restrain on his liberty and thus satisfies the physical injury requirement.

The United States Supreme Court in addressing the PLRA noted the following:

"But the interpretation respondents advocate creates its own inconsistencies. Section 1997e(e) contains similar language, "[n]o . . . action may be brought . . . for mental or emotional injury suffered while in custody without a prior showing of physical injury," yet respondents cite no case interpreting this provision to require dismissal of the entire law suit if only one claim does not comply, and again we see little reason for such an approach. Accord, Cassidy v. Indiana Dept. of Corrections, 199 F.3d 374, 376-377 (CA7 2000) (dismissing only the portions of the complaint barred by Sec. 1997e(e)); see also Williams v. Ollis, 230 F.3d 1361 (CA6 2000) (unpublished table decision) (same). Interpreting the phrase "no action shall be brought" to require dismissal of the entire case under Sec. 1997e(a) but not Sec. 1997e(e) would contravene our normal rules of statutory construction. National Credit Union Admin. v. First Nat. Bank & Trust Co., 522 U.S. 479, 501-502 (1998)." Jones v. Bock, 127 S. Ct 910, 166 L. Ed.2d 798 (2007)

Thus, assuming the PLRA applied to the initial lawsuit, only the federal claim

therein would be subject to dismissal. However, as plaintiff has set forth in his brief, the PLRA is not applicable and if applicable plaintiff has satisfied all requirements.

Submitted on this the 9th day of August, 2007.

s//Robert D. Drummond, Jr. Robert D. Drummond, Jr. (DRU004) Attorney for the Plaintiff ASB-4619-078R

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s//Michael J. Crow Michael J. Crow (CRO039) Attorney for the Plaintiff

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on this 14th day of August, 2007, the foregoing was electronically filed with the Clerk of this Court thereby providing service to counsel for the defendant, T. Dudley Perry, Esq.

s//Robert D. Drummond, Jr.

DEPOSITION OF GARRY L. GREGG

August 1, 2007

Pages 1 through 63

PREPARED BY:

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August 1, 2007

Page 1

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* * * * * * * * * * * * *

DEPOSITION OF GARRY L. GREGG

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August 1, 2007

Page 2 Page 4 DEPOSITION OF GARRY L. GREGG, taken pursuant 1 1 Statute. 2 to stipulation and agreement before Julie A. Duncan, 2 It is further stipulated and agreed by and 3 Court Reporter and Commissioner for the State of 3 4 Alabama at Large, in the Offices of Beasley, Allen, between counsel representing the parties in this case 5 Crow, Methvin, Portis & Miles, 218 Commerce Street, 4 that the filing of said deposition is hereby waived 6 Montgomery, Alabama, on Wednesday, August 1, 2007, and may be introduced at the trial of this case or 7 commencing at approximately 12:30 p.m. 5 8 б used in any other manner by either party hereto 9 ****** 7 provided for by the Statute regardless of the waiving 10 APPEARANCES of the filing of the same. 8 11 9 It is further stipulated and agreed by and ON BEHALF OF THE PLAINTIFF: 12 10 between the parties hereto and the witness that the Mr. Michael J. Crow signature of the witness to this deposition is hereby 11 13 BEASLEY, ALLEN, CROW, METHVIN, PORTIS & MILES 12 waived. Attorneys at Law 14 218 Commerce Street 13 Montgomery, Alabama 36104 14 ****** 15 Mr. Robert D. Drummond, Jr. 15 16 Attorney at Law 16 GARRY L. GREGG 323 De la Mare Avenue 17 Fairhope, Alabama 36532 17 The witness, after having first been duly sworn ON BEHALF OF THE DEFENDANT: 18 18 to speak the truth, the whole truth and nothing but 19 Mr. T. Dudley Perry, Jr. 19 State of Alabama the truth testified as follows: 20 Department of Youth Services 20 **EXAMINATION** Deputy Attorney General 21 21 Post Office Box 66 BY MR. DRUMMOND: Mt. Meigs, Alabama 36057 22 Q. Would you state your full name, please. 22 23 A. Garry L. Gregg. ***** 23 Page 5 Page 3 **EXAMINATION INDEX** 1 Q. Garry, what do you do with the Department of 1 2 2 Youth Services? GARRY L. GREGG 3 A. I work in the community services division. 3 4 I'm a treatment coordinator. BY MR. DRUMMOND 4 5 Q. Garry, have you ever given a deposition 4 before? 6 5 7 A. No, sir. This is the first time. **EXHIBIT INDEX** б 8 Q. Garry, I'm going to ask you a series of 7 (No exhibits marked to this deposition.) questions. In asking you those questions, if 9 8 you don't understand the question, if you 10 ***** 9 11 would ask me to restate it, I'll be glad to do 10 12 that, okay? 11 STIPULATION 13 A. Okay. 12 It is hereby stipulated and agreed by and 14 Q. Likewise, if you don't ask me to restate or 13 between counsel representing the parties that the rephrase it, I will presume and conclude that deposition of GARRY L. GREGG is taken pursuant to the 15 14 15 Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and that said you're answering that question with a full 16 16 deposition may be taken before Julie A. Duncan, Court 17 understanding of that question; is that a fair Reporter and Commissioner for the State of Alabama at 17 agreement between us? 18 18 Large, without the formality of a commission, that 19 A. Yes, sir. objections to questions other than objections as to 19 20 Q. All right. How long have you been a treatment the form of the question need not be made at this time 20 21 coordinator in -- with community services? but may be reserved for a ruling at such time as the 21 22 said deposition may be offered in evidence or used for A. Probably -- let me see. July -- a little 22 23 any other purpose by either party provided for by the 23 over -- I started in July. Six years. About

23

restaffing meeting for the rest of the day?

August 1, 2007 Page 6 Page 8 1 six years. 1 A. Just other than, you know, calling the people 2 back and letting them know what the decisions 2 Q. All right. How long have you been on the 3 screening and placement committee? 3 were as far as if we decided that the youth 4 A. The whole time since I've been there. 4 was going to be moved or they were going to stay or did we have enough information. 5 5 Q. Okay. Is that what you know it as, the 6 Q. All right. So Monday morning then is utilized screening and placement committee? 6 7 7 A. Yes, sir. with your time in preparing for that restaff meeting? Q. What is the screening and placement committee? 8 8 9 A. The screening and placement is when youth 9 A. Yes, sir. files come, we have a committee. And the 10 10 Q. Okay. So the first time you would have an first thing they do is they get all of the 11 opportunity to look at files for the Wednesday 11 12 information on the youth as far as shot 12 staffing would be sometime Monday after two records, the PO's evaluation, the court order, 13 13 o'clock? 14 any pertinent information to do with the 14 A. Yes, sir. 15 youth. And then after they gather all that Q. Okay. And so you would have from -- maybe 15 16 information, they have a file. And then 16 from two to five on Monday afternoons? 17 that's when I look at them. And on -- we 17 A. Yes, sir. 18 start reading them usually on Monday. And Q. Okay. What about Tuesdays? 18 then the meeting is at one o'clock on 19 19 A. Usually I set aside all day for Tuesday. Wednesdays. 20 Q. Okay. So Tuesdays you have no duties other 20 21 Q. What do you mean you usually begin reading 21 than reviewing files for Wednesday? 22 22 A. Reviewing files. them on Monday? A. Well, after the files start coming in --23 Q. Okay. And that's what you do? 23 Page 7 Page 9 1 Monday for me. I can't speak for anybody A. Yes. sir. 1 2 else. On me, most of my days are to restaff, 2 Q. So, for example, staffing today is at one because I'm the one that has the restaffs come 3 o'clock -- is it going to be today at one 3 4 4 in from the private providers. So usually o'clock? 5 5 Monday morning I'm gathering restaffs from the A. Well, it's going to be at two o'clock today different facilities. And then if there's 6 6 7 7 someone like from Mt. Meigs that they're MR. PERRY: Actually, no, it's back 8 recommending go to a group home, they'll send 8 to one. me all that information. A. One. Okay. One. 9 9 Q. Do y'all have a restaff meeting on Mondays? Q. So every file that you're going to go over 10 10 11 A. Yes, sir. today at two o'clock, or one o'clock, you have 11 12 Q. What time is that normally held? already reviewed all of those files? 12 13 A. One o'clock. 13 A. Yes, sir. 14 14 Q. And that's with Mr. Booker? Q. And in each of those files, have you made a 15 15 recommendation for classification? A. Yes, sir. 16 Q. And there's a number of people on that restaff 16 A. What do you mean by that? 17 Q. Well, you've reviewed each of the files. 17 committee? correct? 18 A. Yes, sir. 18 19 Q. How long does that normally last? 19 A. Yes, sir. 20 A. That usually lasts about -- I would say 20 Q. Okay. How many files are there for tomorrow? 21 21 A. I didn't really count today. It's usually -usually about an hour. 22 22 on the busy weeks, it's like in the sixties. Q. Okay. And then do you have duties after that 23

And last week it was like -- I'd say about

August 1, 2007 Page 10 Page 12 1 forty. And today, I haven't even counted. 1 really means placement decision? Q. But you reviewed all of the files? 2 2 A. Now, run that by me again now. 3 A. Yes, sir. 3 Q. Well, I asked you what the various 4 Q. And in reviewing those files, have you already 4 classifications were. made a -- in your mind, a recommendation 5 5 A. Yes, sir. regarding classification? 6 6 Q. And you started telling me facilities. 7 7 A. Yes, sir. On most of them, I have. A. Yes, sir. 8 Q. Okay. And what are the various Q. Is that right? 8 9 classifications that you could possibly be 9 A. Yes, sir. 10 10 recommending? Q. Well, is that what classification means, what 11 11 A. Well, I mean, you have some that's like -facility they're going to go to? 12 they have a sex offense charge. So, I mean, 12 A. No. sir. 13 they, you know, go to the sex offender Q. Okay. Then what does classification mean? 13 14 program. You have some that -- substance 14 A. Classification, to me, means that after the abuse. And then you've got some that just -youth has committed a delinquent act -- is 15 15 16 Q. So one classification is sex offender? 16 develop a service plan where that delinquent 17 17 A. Yes, sir. act can be dealt with and where they've 18 Q. One classification is substance abuse? 18 learned something where they won't come back. 19 19 Q. So your definition of classification is after A. Yes, sir. 20 20 they've been committed to develop a service Q. Okay. What are the other classifications? 21 A. Well, you could have one that goes to thirty 21 plan? 22 22 day HIT. A. Well, I mean, that's part of it. Because with 23 youth, as far as when they come to us, it's 23 Q. Okay. I'm not asking where they go. Page 11 Page 13 not like an adult where you have a -- so much 1 A. Okay. 1 2 Q. I'm asking what are the classifications. 2 a set amount of time. It is driven by 3 A. I don't understand what you mean by developing a service plan. 3 Q. Okay. Well, Garry, help --4 classification. Because what we have is --4 5 5 A. Okav. what I was meaning was, other than someone 6 going to Mt. Meigs, Chalkville, or Vacca, 6 Q. You have no responsibility in developing a 7 other than that classification, everything 7 service plan, do you? 8 else under the HIT program is a private 8 A. Not really. But what I'm saying is, when I 9 provider. And as far as classification, I 9 read a file and I'm looking at it, I'm trying guess you would say that they were community to the best of my ability to determine what 10 10 based, like group homes and places of that 11 11 this youth needs from the file. 12 Q. Well, all right. So as you're making your sort. 12 13 Q. Did I understand you right, that everything 13 placement recommendation, you're making a 14 other than the classification of Meigs, Vacca, recommendation based on what you think the 14 15 Chalkville and HIT is a private provider? 15 child needs, correct? 16 A. Yes, sir. A. Yes, sir. 16

Q. When you classify a child -- and that's one of 19 A. That's a treatment decision. your duties as part of screening and 20 Q. So as a member of screening and placement, placement, correct? 21 you're making a treatment decision for the 22 A. Yes, sir. child? 23 Q. Is it your testimony that classification

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decision?

A. Yes, sir.

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A. Okay.

Q. Well, I want to make sure I understand.

Q. And that's a placement decision or a treatment

	Page 14		Page 16
1	Q. And is that how is that the purpose of	1	A. Yes, sir.
2	screening and placement, from your	2	Q. Okay. And so in the when I say the term
3	understanding, to make a treatment decision	3	classification, that, to you, means develop a
4	regarding the child?	4	service plan?
5	A. Yes, sir.	5	A. Yes, sir. I mean, if I understand what you're
6	Q. And have you received any training or any	6	saying, because
7	instructions from anyone other than from	7	Q. Well, I'm just going by what you said, Garry.
8	anyone that teaches you anything different,	8	So is it your understanding
9	that screening and placement as a member	9	A. Well, let me hear that again then. Explain it
10	that you're there to make a treatment decision	10	to me one more time.
11	for the child?	11	Q. Well, tell me again, so I understand. When I
12	A. Now, what was that again now?	12	say or ask you as part of screening and
13	Q. Have you received any information or any	13	placement do you classify children
14	training, other than that's what screening and	14	A. Well, I mean, what does classification
15	placement is supposed to do, that being make a	15	that's the problem. I don't understand what
16	treatment decision?	16	you mean by classification.
17	A. I don't understand your question.	17	Q. Okay. Well, does the department have a
18	Q. Okay. You said as a member of screening and	18	classification manual?
19	placement you're there to make a treatment	19	A. I don't know. I mean, I I mean, that I
20	decision for the child, correct?	20	wouldn't know about I mean, they I don't
21	A. Yes, sir.	21	know.
22	Q. Okay. What document reflects that that's what	22	Q. Does screening and placement have a
23	your role is, is to make a treatment decision	23	classification manual?
		23	
	Page 15		Page 17
1	for the child?	1	A. A classification manual?
2	A. What document?	2	Q. Yes.
	A. What document? Q. Yes.		Q. Yes. A. I don't know.
2	A. What document?Q. Yes.A. I would say the only document is it's part of	2	Q. Yes.A. I don't know.Q. Okay. When I use the term well, let me ask
2 3	A. What document?Q. Yes.A. I would say the only document is it's part of my duties and responsibilities that's on my	2 3	Q. Yes.A. I don't know.Q. Okay. When I use the term well, let me ask you this. Does screening and placement
2 3 4 5 6	A. What document?Q. Yes.A. I would say the only document is it's part of my duties and responsibilities that's on my evaluation.	2 3 4	Q. Yes.A. I don't know.Q. Okay. When I use the term well, let me ask
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2 3 4 5 6	 A. What document? Q. Yes. A. I would say the only document is it's part of my duties and responsibilities that's on my evaluation. Q. Okay. Well, has somebody said or showed you any document how long have you been on 	2 3 4 5 6	 Q. Yes. A. I don't know. Q. Okay. When I use the term well, let me ask you this. Does screening and placement classify children? A. No, sir. No. Q. Does screening and placement categorize
2 3 4 5 6 7	 A. What document? Q. Yes. A. I would say the only document is it's part of my duties and responsibilities that's on my evaluation. Q. Okay. Well, has somebody said or showed you 	2 3 4 5 6 7	Q. Yes.A. I don't know.Q. Okay. When I use the term well, let me ask you this. Does screening and placement classify children?A. No, sir. No.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	 A. What document? Q. Yes. A. I would say the only document is it's part of my duties and responsibilities that's on my evaluation. Q. Okay. Well, has somebody said or showed you any document how long have you been on 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	 Q. Yes. A. I don't know. Q. Okay. When I use the term well, let me ask you this. Does screening and placement classify children? A. No, sir. No. Q. Does screening and placement categorize children? A. No, sir.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	 A. What document? Q. Yes. A. I would say the only document is it's part of my duties and responsibilities that's on my evaluation. Q. Okay. Well, has somebody said or showed you any document how long have you been on screening and placement, six years? A. Yes, sir. Q. And during those entire six years, each week 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	 Q. Yes. A. I don't know. Q. Okay. When I use the term well, let me ask you this. Does screening and placement classify children? A. No, sir. No. Q. Does screening and placement categorize children?
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 A. What document? Q. Yes. A. I would say the only document is it's part of my duties and responsibilities that's on my evaluation. Q. Okay. Well, has somebody said or showed you any document how long have you been on screening and placement, six years? A. Yes, sir. Q. And during those entire six years, each week when you sit in there, in your mind, you're making a treatment decision regarding that child? A. Yes, sir. Q. And is it your belief that's what Pat is doing as well? A. Yes, sir. Q. And is it your belief and observation that that's what Ms. Barker is doing as well? A. Yes, sir. 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 Q. Yes. A. I don't know. Q. Okay. When I use the term well, let me ask you this. Does screening and placement classify children? A. No, sir. No. Q. Does screening and placement categorize children? A. No, sir. Q. Does screening and placement make treatment decisions regarding children? A. Yes, sir. Q. What is your background in terms of what is your educational background? A. I have a bachelor's degree in business. I have a master's degree in counseling. And then I had been working on my master's degree in special education. Q. Okay. So you have a master's in counseling? A. Yes, sir.

Page 18 Page 20 procedures that you used last week at one 1 1 A. I haven't ever timed it. o'clock, are they the same procedures, the 2 2 Q. Well, how long do the meetings normally last? 3 same flow at the meeting as has been in place 3 A. I really don't look at the clock. It could 4 for the last three years? 4 be -- I couldn't tell you. It could be --5 A. Well, what do you mean by flow? 5 it's according to how many there is that 6 Q. Have y'all been doing the same thing last week week. I mean, there's sometimes, I'm sure, 6 7 7 as you did three years ago? we've stayed close to four or four-thirty. A. I don't know what I did three years ago. And sometimes it hasn't been that long. 8 8 9 That's a long time. 9 Q. Okay. Well, if Pat in his deposition said on Q. That's a bad -- that's a bad question. The 10 10 one particular day -- for example, the day process that you use once the meeting starts 11 before his deposition was taken, staffing 11 12 at one o'clock on Wednesdays, is it the same 12 started at one and finished at three-thirty 13 13 process you're still using? and there were fifty-one kids to staff that A. What do you mean process is what I'm asking? 14 day, so two and a half hours, so about three 14 15 Q. Is it the same -- the events that take place minutes a kid. Does that sound about right? 15 16 during ---16 A. I mean, I can't tell you what Pat said. 17 17 A. I can't say it's the same every -- I mean --Q. Does that sound about right in terms of how 18 Q. Okay. Can you walk me through a screening and 18 many kids you do in that amount of time? 19 placement meeting as it exists now? What 19 A. Well, I mean, I don't know, because I haven't 20 happens once a meeting gets started? 20 really timed it to see. 21 A. Okay. Well, at one o'clock it starts. So 21 Q. And so whatever amount of time there is per 22 22 after it starts, the first file -- Pat opens child, you -- based on what's in the file, you the first file. He reads the name out. He 23 review their needs? 23 Page 19 Page 21 1 reads the risk. And during that time, he asks 1 A. Yes, sir. 2 if there's any discussion on the individual. 2 Q. And you determine a treatment plan for them? A. Yes, sir. 3 We may ask about the court order. We may have 3 4 something on there that maybe we didn't 4 Q. And based on that treatment plan that the 5 know -- what was clear, because Pat may have 5 committee determines of what the child needs, б got some information in that we didn't know 6 then you do what? 7 about, whether he could have talked to a PO in 7 A. Then what we're going to do is put them in a 8 the last few minutes or sometime during the 8 program that can meet those needs. Q. Okay. So once the needs are determined, you 9 day. Some things may not just be clear. 9 10 So from that regard, then we go through decide what program the child needs, or what 10 11 each one. And then a decision will be made, program can meet those needs? 11 A. Yes, sir. 12 what is the best for that youth. 12 13 Q. Okay. What decision is made, a classification 13 Q. Is it which program can meet their needs or 14 14 which facility can meet their needs, or is it decision is made? 15 A. I don't -- I wouldn't say classification. 15 the same thing? 16 That's a word I get hung up on, because I A. What is your definition of program and 16 17 17 facility? I mean, what do you mean by that? don't classify. I'm not ... Q. What decision is made regarding each child? 18 18 Q. I'm just --19 A. What the individual needs to stop doing the 19 A. I don't know. I don't know what you're delinquent behavior that got him or her to the 20 20 asking. 21 Department of Youth Services. 21 O. Well, is it the -- once the needs are 22 22 Q. Okay. So y'all spend roughly three to four determined, then you decide what facility the 23 23 child ought to go to? minutes a child?

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1		1	
1 2	A. No. What we decide is what kind of program will meet those needs.	1 2	placement with a child that has a score of thirty-five. What do you do with that? What
3	Q. Okay. That's what I just asked, is it program	3	do you do with that child?
4	or facility that you're deciding. So which is	4	A. Well, I would have to read the file. I would
5	it?	5	have to look to the best of my ability all
6	A. What we're doing okay. I'm having a	6	what's going on. Because on that scale, it
7	okay. I don't understand what you what's	7	can be yes and no questions. And if I'm
8	the difference between the program and the	8	filling out an assessment and I don't know
9	facility. That's I don't know what you	9	I've got a problem, I could be denying it. So
10	mean by that.	10	on them scores, the way I look at it is, is
11	Q. Well, once you decide what a child's needs	11	anytime you have a youth that has been huffing
12	are, what do you do after that?	12	or drinking or drugs, or whatever, it needs to
13	A. After we decide the needs, we want to have	13	be something that needs to be looked at and
14	them in a program which can meet their needs.	14	just see.
15	Q. Okay. So, for example, if a child is	15	Q. Well, who is going to look at it?
16	chemically dependent, what kind of program	16	A. Well, when they go to a program is we want
17	would they need?	17	the case manager, when dealing with the youth,
18	A. He would need a substance he or she would	18	to find out is there any underlying factors
19	need a substance abuse program.	19	for the youth's behavior.
20	Q. Okay. Is there a difference between a person	20	Q. What if a child has a drug score of fifty-two,
21	that is abusing drugs and one that's	21	and that's what you have at screening and
22	chemically dependent on drugs?	22	placement?
23	A. Yes, sir.	23	A. It's still the same thing.
	Page 23		Page 25
1	Q. What's the difference?	1	Q. Well, would you send that child to if a
2	A. Well, if you have someone who has abused it,	2	child is chemically dependent, what does that
3	it could have been he or she, the first time	3	child need as you're sitting there at
4	had tried it. They could have been using it	4	screening and placement?
5	to deal with some problem happening in life.	5	A. Well, if he's chemically dependent, you know,
6	We could say they're using it as a crutch.	6	what we're looking at is is a score. But
7	But the bottom line on that is he or she can	7	also that kid could need just the education
8	stop.	8	part, and he could need the treatment.
9	Now, the difference, when you say that	9	Q. Well, would that child go to the HIT program?
10	someone is addicted, he or she cannot stop.	10	A. If he had a high drug score.
11	That's the difference. He or she just cannot	11	Q. Would a child with a fifty-two on a CAPs score
12	stop.	12	go to the HIT program?
13	Q. Well, if you have somebody that has a CAPS	13	A. I couldn't I mean, I couldn't tell you. I
14	score, or a drug score of thirty-five, what	14	mean, I I don't know on that particular
15 16	does that mean to you?	15	you know, because you're giving me a score.
16 17	A. What I like is on those scores is I like a a more in-depth assessment. I mean I	16	And when you give me a score, on the and
17	a = a more m-denin accessment - 1 mean = 1	17	the treatment end of it is, you know, there's
1 0		10	so many other feature than just that soors
	mean, I'm wondering what the treatment is. I	18	so many other factors than just that score. Or What other factors would you consider his
18 19 20	mean, I'm wondering what the treatment is. I like an assessment, and we can look at that	19	Q. What other factors would you consider, his
19 20	mean, I'm wondering what the treatment is. I like an assessment, and we can look at that at his assessment. But I think a lot of times	19 20	Q. What other factors would you consider, his risk score?
19 20 21	mean, I'm wondering what the treatment is. I like an assessment, and we can look at that at his assessment. But I think a lot of times you need to sit down with the youth and find	19 20 21	Q. What other factors would you consider, his risk score?A. Well, not so much his risk score, his home
19 20	mean, I'm wondering what the treatment is. I like an assessment, and we can look at that at his assessment. But I think a lot of times	19 20	Q. What other factors would you consider, his risk score?

Page 26 Page 28 1 1 that you, as a member of screening and to send them somewhere else first? 2 placement, determined that with kids who 2 A. Well, that word some -- we look at it as 3 needed drug treatment, that they needed some 3 individually. 4 other component of a program first? 4 Q. When you say you look at it individually --A. Well, each youth is an individual. 5 A. Yes, sir. 5 Q. Okay. Well, Garry --6 6 O. Tell me about that. 7 7 A. Well, when you're looking at it, someone may A. So I -- go ahead. 8 not be going to school, or whatever it is, and 8 Q. No, I'm sorry. Go ahead. Go ahead and 9 maybe they needed the discipline, maybe they 9 finish. 10 10 need to comply with rules. And also, they A. That's all right. Go ahead. Q. Okay. When you say you look at each youth as 11 could have a substance abuse problem. 11 12 Q. Okay. Well, did screening and placement at 12 an individual --13 some point during your tenure on the committee 13 A. Uh-huh (positive response). 14 Q. Tell me by what authority you're making a decide that for drug and alcohol we're going 14 to send some kids to drug and alcohol first treatment decision about that individual. 15 15 16 and some kids we'll send to drug and alcohol 16 MR. PERRY: Objection to the form. 17 17 Q. Are you a psychologist? after something else? 18 A. Now, what was that now? Would you repeat 18 A. No. No. sir. 19 19 that? Q. Do you have the evaluation of that child when 20 20 you're reviewing their file for screening and Q. Was there ever a time during your tenure on 21 the screening and placement committee that the 21 placement? 22 committee determined that there are some kids 22 A. Sometimes we do. Sometimes we don't. 23 23 that need drug treatment, that we're going to Q. Okay. And if you don't, you're still making Page 27 Page 29 1 give it to them up front, and there's other 1 treatment decisions for that child, aren't 2 kids we're going to give it to them after 2 you? 3 sending them to some other program first? A. Now, re -- you're saying what now? 3 Q. Whether you have the evaluation or not, you're 4 A. Yes, sir. 4 5 Q. Okay. Tell me about that. 5 making treatment decisions for that child, 6 A. Well, I mean -- I mean, some of them the 6 aren't you? 7 decision may be made that they could go to a 7 A. Making treatment decisions on what we have, 8 HIT program. 8 9 Q. Let me ask you this first. Q. By what authority, Garry, do you think you 9 10 have the ability to make a treatment decision A. Okay. 10 Q. Is there a time in your mind when screening 11 for a child? 11 and placement consciously made that decision, 12 12 A. What authority? What do you mean by 13 that we're going to start doing this? 13 authority? A. What do you mean consciously? I mean, what do 14 14 Q. Garry, have you ever seen this document 15 you mean by that? 15 before, which is Plaintiff's Exhibit 13 to the 16 Q. Well, was there ever a time that screening and 16 opposition for summary judgment? 17 placement determined we're going to send kids 17 A. Have I ever seen this? that need drug treatment to some other program 18 18 O. Yes, sir. 19 first, just as a broad concept? 19 A. I've seen this before. A. What do you mean broad concept? 20 20 O. What is that document? 21 Q. Was there ever a time when screening and 21 A. That document is the general policies 22 22 placement decided that instead of sending some regarding what -- classification of committed kids to drug and alcohol treatment we're going 23 23 youth.

	Page 30		Page 32
1	Q. Okay. What are the classifications for	1	they're going to go after y'all staff them?
2	committed youth to DYS?	2	A. Yes, sir.
3	A. What are the classifications? I do not know	3	Q. Do you think that's appropriate, that children
4	each one. I mean, I read them right here. I	4	are informed of that information?
5	mean	5	A. Well, if they're at home or detention, I
6	Q. What are the classifications for committed	6	believe that they should know.
7	youth?	7	Q. Okay. And if a child is in detention, is it
8	A. I don't know what you mean. I mean, other	8	your belief that a child should be told when
9	than these right here? Is this what you're	9	and where they're going to go?
10	talking about?	10	A. I would hope so.
11	Q. Garry, I'm just asking what are the you're	11	Q. Why would you hope so?
12	looking at the classification manual, are you	12	A. Well, I mean, I would hope that somebody, you
13	not?	13	know, would tell them. I mean, if I was a
14	A. Yes, sir.	14	child, I would you know, I would want to be
15	Q. Okay. Tell me what the classifications are	15	told.
16	for committed youth to DYS.	16	Q. Well, as a master's level counselor, do you
17	A. Serious juvenile offender, regular commitment,	17	think it has some impact on a child to have
18	sex offender, community residential, pure HIT,	18	the benefit of that information?
19	special needs, any combination of two or	19	A. I think it would depend on the child.
20	more.	20	Q. So you think well, are there any children
21	Q. Are there any other classifications that you	21	that would benefit to have that information?
22	know of?	22	A. It may make them sleep better at night.
23	A. No. If that's what the manual says, that's	23	Q. Okay. Anything else?
	- 04		
	Page 31		Page 33
1	that's here.	1	Page 33 A. I mean, I think a lot of times just in life
1 2		1 2	
	that's here.		A. I mean, I think a lot of times just in life
2	that's here. Q. And you have reviewed that manual previously?	2	A. I mean, I think a lot of times just in life the unknown of not knowing, you know, is
2 3	that's here. Q. And you have reviewed that manual previously? A. Yes, sir.	2	A. I mean, I think a lot of times just in life the unknown of not knowing, you know, is stress on an individual.
2 3 4	that's here. Q. And you have reviewed that manual previously? A. Yes, sir. Q. Okay. Do you use that on a regular basis?	2 3 4	A. I mean, I think a lot of times just in life the unknown of not knowing, you know, is stress on an individual.Q. Okay. And do you know that as a master's
2 3 4 5	that's here. Q. And you have reviewed that manual previously? A. Yes, sir. Q. Okay. Do you use that on a regular basis? A. Do I look at this manual, no, sir.	2 3 4 5	A. I mean, I think a lot of times just in life the unknown of not knowing, you know, is stress on an individual.Q. Okay. And do you know that as a master's level counselor, that uncertainty causes
2 3 4 5 6	that's here. Q. And you have reviewed that manual previously? A. Yes, sir. Q. Okay. Do you use that on a regular basis? A. Do I look at this manual, no, sir. Q. Do you	2 3 4 5 6	A. I mean, I think a lot of times just in life the unknown of not knowing, you know, is stress on an individual.Q. Okay. And do you know that as a master's level counselor, that uncertainty causes stress in people's life?
2 3 4 5 6 7	that's here. Q. And you have reviewed that manual previously? A. Yes, sir. Q. Okay. Do you use that on a regular basis? A. Do I look at this manual, no, sir. Q. Do you A. Not regular not on a regular basis.	2 3 4 5 6 7	 A. I mean, I think a lot of times just in life the unknown of not knowing, you know, is stress on an individual. Q. Okay. And do you know that as a master's level counselor, that uncertainty causes stress in people's life? A. I couldn't say for that. But personally, I
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	that's here. Q. And you have reviewed that manual previously? A. Yes, sir. Q. Okay. Do you use that on a regular basis? A. Do I look at this manual, no, sir. Q. Do you A. Not regular not on a regular basis. Q. Have you ever used that manual in screening	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	 A. I mean, I think a lot of times just in life the unknown of not knowing, you know, is stress on an individual. Q. Okay. And do you know that as a master's level counselor, that uncertainty causes stress in people's life? A. I couldn't say for that. But personally, I know it does for me.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	that's here. Q. And you have reviewed that manual previously? A. Yes, sir. Q. Okay. Do you use that on a regular basis? A. Do I look at this manual, no, sir. Q. Do you A. Not regular not on a regular basis. Q. Have you ever used that manual in screening and placement to do your job?	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	 A. I mean, I think a lot of times just in life the unknown of not knowing, you know, is stress on an individual. Q. Okay. And do you know that as a master's level counselor, that uncertainty causes stress in people's life? A. I couldn't say for that. But personally, I know it does for me. Q. Well, as a master's level counselor, is that
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	that's here. Q. And you have reviewed that manual previously? A. Yes, sir. Q. Okay. Do you use that on a regular basis? A. Do I look at this manual, no, sir. Q. Do you A. Not regular not on a regular basis. Q. Have you ever used that manual in screening and placement to do your job? A. Yes, sir.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	 A. I mean, I think a lot of times just in life the unknown of not knowing, you know, is stress on an individual. Q. Okay. And do you know that as a master's level counselor, that uncertainty causes stress in people's life? A. I couldn't say for that. But personally, I know it does for me. Q. Well, as a master's level counselor, is that something you counsel people about, about the
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	that's here. Q. And you have reviewed that manual previously? A. Yes, sir. Q. Okay. Do you use that on a regular basis? A. Do I look at this manual, no, sir. Q. Do you A. Not regular not on a regular basis. Q. Have you ever used that manual in screening and placement to do your job? A. Yes, sir. Q. When was the last time you used it? A. The last time I used it, when I started with placement and screening to learn these	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	 A. I mean, I think a lot of times just in life the unknown of not knowing, you know, is stress on an individual. Q. Okay. And do you know that as a master's level counselor, that uncertainty causes stress in people's life? A. I couldn't say for that. But personally, I know it does for me. Q. Well, as a master's level counselor, is that something you counsel people about, about the issues of certainty and trying to determine certainty to reduce stress in their lives?
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	that's here. Q. And you have reviewed that manual previously? A. Yes, sir. Q. Okay. Do you use that on a regular basis? A. Do I look at this manual, no, sir. Q. Do you A. Not regular not on a regular basis. Q. Have you ever used that manual in screening and placement to do your job? A. Yes, sir. Q. When was the last time you used it? A. The last time I used it, when I started with placement and screening to learn these different things. Q. Okay. Does screening and placement or anybody	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	 A. I mean, I think a lot of times just in life the unknown of not knowing, you know, is stress on an individual. Q. Okay. And do you know that as a master's level counselor, that uncertainty causes stress in people's life? A. I couldn't say for that. But personally, I know it does for me. Q. Well, as a master's level counselor, is that something you counsel people about, about the issues of certainty and trying to determine certainty to reduce stress in their lives? A. Yes, sir. Q. Do you believe that a child has a right to know after you staff them how long they're
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	that's here. Q. And you have reviewed that manual previously? A. Yes, sir. Q. Okay. Do you use that on a regular basis? A. Do I look at this manual, no, sir. Q. Do you A. Not regular not on a regular basis. Q. Have you ever used that manual in screening and placement to do your job? A. Yes, sir. Q. When was the last time you used it? A. The last time I used it, when I started with placement and screening to learn these different things. Q. Okay. Does screening and placement or anybody at that office, to your knowledge, contact children after you staff them on Wednesday,	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	 A. I mean, I think a lot of times just in life the unknown of not knowing, you know, is stress on an individual. Q. Okay. And do you know that as a master's level counselor, that uncertainty causes stress in people's life? A. I couldn't say for that. But personally, I know it does for me. Q. Well, as a master's level counselor, is that something you counsel people about, about the issues of certainty and trying to determine certainty to reduce stress in their lives? A. Yes, sir. Q. Do you believe that a child has a right to know after you staff them how long they're going to be sitting in detention and where
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	that's here. Q. And you have reviewed that manual previously? A. Yes, sir. Q. Okay. Do you use that on a regular basis? A. Do I look at this manual, no, sir. Q. Do you A. Not regular not on a regular basis. Q. Have you ever used that manual in screening and placement to do your job? A. Yes, sir. Q. When was the last time you used it? A. The last time I used it, when I started with placement and screening to learn these different things. Q. Okay. Does screening and placement or anybody at that office, to your knowledge, contact children after you staff them on Wednesday, contact children and let them know where	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	 A. I mean, I think a lot of times just in life the unknown of not knowing, you know, is stress on an individual. Q. Okay. And do you know that as a master's level counselor, that uncertainty causes stress in people's life? A. I couldn't say for that. But personally, I know it does for me. Q. Well, as a master's level counselor, is that something you counsel people about, about the issues of certainty and trying to determine certainty to reduce stress in their lives? A. Yes, sir. Q. Do you believe that a child has a right to know after you staff them how long they're going to be sitting in detention and where they're going to go? MR. PERRY: Objection to the form.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	that's here. Q. And you have reviewed that manual previously? A. Yes, sir. Q. Okay. Do you use that on a regular basis? A. Do I look at this manual, no, sir. Q. Do you A. Not regular not on a regular basis. Q. Have you ever used that manual in screening and placement to do your job? A. Yes, sir. Q. When was the last time you used it? A. The last time I used it, when I started with placement and screening to learn these different things. Q. Okay. Does screening and placement or anybody at that office, to your knowledge, contact children after you staff them on Wednesday, contact children and let them know where they're going and when they're going to go?	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	 A. I mean, I think a lot of times just in life the unknown of not knowing, you know, is stress on an individual. Q. Okay. And do you know that as a master's level counselor, that uncertainty causes stress in people's life? A. I couldn't say for that. But personally, I know it does for me. Q. Well, as a master's level counselor, is that something you counsel people about, about the issues of certainty and trying to determine certainty to reduce stress in their lives? A. Yes, sir. Q. Do you believe that a child has a right to know after you staff them how long they're going to be sitting in detention and where they're going to go? MR. PERRY: Objection to the form. You can answer.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	that's here. Q. And you have reviewed that manual previously? A. Yes, sir. Q. Okay. Do you use that on a regular basis? A. Do I look at this manual, no, sir. Q. Do you A. Not regular not on a regular basis. Q. Have you ever used that manual in screening and placement to do your job? A. Yes, sir. Q. When was the last time you used it? A. The last time I used it, when I started with placement and screening to learn these different things. Q. Okay. Does screening and placement or anybody at that office, to your knowledge, contact children after you staff them on Wednesday, contact children and let them know where they're going and when they're going to go? A. That's done over in placement and screening.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 A. I mean, I think a lot of times just in life the unknown of not knowing, you know, is stress on an individual. Q. Okay. And do you know that as a master's level counselor, that uncertainty causes stress in people's life? A. I couldn't say for that. But personally, I know it does for me. Q. Well, as a master's level counselor, is that something you counsel people about, about the issues of certainty and trying to determine certainty to reduce stress in their lives? A. Yes, sir. Q. Do you believe that a child has a right to know after you staff them how long they're going to be sitting in detention and where they're going to go? MR. PERRY: Objection to the form. You can answer. A. Am I supposed to answer that?
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	that's here. Q. And you have reviewed that manual previously? A. Yes, sir. Q. Okay. Do you use that on a regular basis? A. Do I look at this manual, no, sir. Q. Do you A. Not regular not on a regular basis. Q. Have you ever used that manual in screening and placement to do your job? A. Yes, sir. Q. When was the last time you used it? A. The last time I used it, when I started with placement and screening to learn these different things. Q. Okay. Does screening and placement or anybody at that office, to your knowledge, contact children after you staff them on Wednesday, contact children and let them know where they're going and when they're going to go? A. That's done over in placement and screening. I mean, over with Pat and Ms. Ross.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 A. I mean, I think a lot of times just in life the unknown of not knowing, you know, is stress on an individual. Q. Okay. And do you know that as a master's level counselor, that uncertainty causes stress in people's life? A. I couldn't say for that. But personally, I know it does for me. Q. Well, as a master's level counselor, is that something you counsel people about, about the issues of certainty and trying to determine certainty to reduce stress in their lives? A. Yes, sir. Q. Do you believe that a child has a right to know after you staff them how long they're going to be sitting in detention and where they're going to go? MR. PERRY: Objection to the form. You can answer. A. Am I supposed to answer that? Q. Yes.

	Page 34		Page 36
1	Q. Do you believe a child has that right to know	1	community involved. Maybe they can bring
2	that information?	2	people in or help people go out and teach them
3	A. If I the child, the parent, yes.	3	things that maybe they just could not learn at
4	Q. Okay. And you believe that information is	4	the facility.
5	communicated to the child?	5	Q. So would you agree with me as part of
6	A. Yes, sir.	6	screening and placement, and in your general
7	Q. What if I told you, Garry, that that	7	position with DYS, that once a service plan is
8	information is not communicated to a child?	8	developed, whatever services are needed to be
9	A. I mean, I would have to I would wonder	9	provided under that service plan could be
10	why. I mean, I'm not on the other side. So	10	secured through other sources, can't they?
11	for what the court or detention or home or	11	A. Okay. Ask now, rephrase that now.
12	whatever, I wouldn't know.	12	Q. Once a service plan is developed for a child,
13	MR. DRUMMOND: Dudley, how much time	13	the services can be secured through other
14	do you have left?	14	sources, can't they?
15	MR. PERRY: Thirty minutes.	15	A. I'm not understanding what you're saying.
16	MR. DRUMMOND: Okay. Let's take a	16	Q. Once a service plan is developed for a child.
17	short break.	17	A. Okay.
18	(Brief pause in proceedings.)	18	Q. Are we together so far?
19	Q. (Mr. Drummond continuing) Garry, you've been	19	A. Yes, sir.
20	under the belief for the last six years that	20	Q. And that service plan says a child needs this
21	you're there, as part of screening and	21	service.
22	placement, to make treatment decisions,	22	A. Yeah. Okay.
23	correct?	23	Q. Okay. If the facility doesn't have that
	Page 35		Page 37
1	A. Yes, sir.	1	service, it can go out and be secured through
2	Q. Would you agree with me, Garry, that the	2	other sources?
3	facility a child gets placed to, once that	3	A. Yes, sir.
4	child gets there, the services that that child	4	Q. Okay. And, in fact, are you aware that that
5	can receive are limited to what can be secured	5	is the policy of the DYS board, that services
6	for that child at that facility; would you	6	not available are to be secured in the
7	agree with that?	7	community?
8	A. Rephrase the question, please.	8	A. Yes, sir.
9	Q. Sure. Once a child is placed at a facility	9	Q. Okay. Do you know that as DYS policy?
10	A. Okay.	10	A. In writing, or what do you mean?
11	Q do you agree with me that the services a	11	Q. Either way. Whether you've ever seen it in
12	child can receive are limited by what that	12	writing or do you know that to be the policy?
13	facility can provide?	13	A. I know we do it. I don't know if it's
14		14	policy.
15	Q. Okay. Tell me why that's not a true	15	Q. Okay. And so do we agree so far, Garry, that
16	statement.	16	if a child is placed in a facility and that's
17	5	17	where the child is physically housed, all of
18	3 1 , 3	18	their services could be provided in the
19		19	community, couldn't they?
20	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	20	A. No, sir.
21	a did di ave a	21	O Why is that not a true statement?
	, , ,		Q. Why is that not a true statement?
22 23	individual don't fully know what the	21 22 23	A. Well, what I'm saying is, you've got some facilities that's maybe in a more rural place

Page 38 Page 40 1 than others. You've got some facilities, for 1 Q. Are we together so far? example, that they have a good GED program 2 A. Yes. Yes. 2 3 and --3 O. Okav. 4 Q. But, Garry, I thought you said if a child goes 4 A. I'm with you. to a facility, then if a facility can't meet Q. Screening and placement determines a child 5 5 those services, they can secure those services needs drug treatment. 6 6 7 elsewhere? 7 A. Okay. 8 A. Yes, sir. Q. Okay. There's not a bed at the drug treatment 8 program. Okay. Are we together so far? 9 Q. Is that true? 9 10 A. Now, rephrase. Okay. What -- are you saying 10 A. Yes, sir. 11 Q. Okay. But the child's risk score is low at that facility? 11 12 Q. While the child is at that facility, the 12 enough where he could go to a group home. He 13 services can be secured somewhere else? 13 could go to that group home, couldn't he? A. He could. But if he needs substance abuse, 14 14 A. What do you mean, somewhere else? Q. A child can be placed in a group home, he's going to be on a waiting list to get to 15 15 16 correct? 16 the substance abuse program. 17 17 Q. Well, if he's at a group home, he could go A. Yes, sir. 18 Q. Okay. And if the group home -- if the child 18 down to the local mental health drug treatment 19 19 at that group home needs drug treatment -program, couldn't he? 20 20 A. I don't follow you right there, because you're A. Yes, sir. Q. -- outpatient drug treatment, well, the group 21 on one subject and then you're going to 21 22 home doesn't have that treatment at the group 22 another subject. And that's --23 Q. We'll go back over it as long --23 home, does it? Page 39 Page 41 A. All right. 1 A. Some do. Some don't. 1 2 Q. Okay. And the ones that don't, you would send 2 Q. -- as we need to. 3 down to the local mental health drug treatment A. Okay. Go ahead. 3 4 program, wouldn't you? 4 Q. Tell me which part you're getting lost. 5 5 A. You could or you could restaff them and put them in a substance abuse program. 6 Q. Screening and placement says a child is going 6 7 Q. Okay. So a child that needs drug treatment, to go to a drug treatment program. 7 8 that there's not a bed at one of the 8 A. Yes, sir. 9 designated drug treatment facilities, could go Q. They put him on a waiting list for that drug 9 to a group home and still receive drug treatment program. 10 10 11 treatment, couldn't they? 11 A. Yes, sir. 12 A. Now, rephrase that again. Now, what did you Q. He's sitting in detention for a month waiting 12 13 say? 13 to go to that drug treatment program. Are we 14 14 together so far? Q. A child that needs drug treatment and has been staffed to go to a drug treatment program but 15 15 A. I mean, if you say he was waiting a month, I 16 there's not a bed there available for him --16 guess he was. 17 17 Q. I'm talking about any child. That's the do you understand that part? A. No. Start back now. Start from the 18 situation I'm giving you, okay? 18 19 beginning. 19 A. Okay. 20 Q. Y'all determine a child needs drug treatment? 20 Q. He has a risk score that's low enough he could 21 A. Okay. Who is y'all? 21 go to a group home, all right? 22 Q. Screening and placement. 22 A. Okay. A. Okay. Okay. 23 23 Q. You've already told me that if a child is at a

August 1, 2007 Page 42 Page 44 Q. Okay. You know that Montgomery is one of the 1 group home and he needs a service, he could 1 2 2 get that service in the community, couldn't four largest cities in Alabama, don't you? he? 3 3 A. That's what I heard. Q. Okay. And I presume you would agree with me 4 A. If they provide it in that community. 4 Q. Okay. And so that same child that's on a 5 5 that there's a lot of resources for drug waiting list to go to drug treatment somewhere 6 6 treatment in Montgomery County, aren't there? 7 could go to that group home and get drug 7 A. Not as many as you think. treatment in a local community somewhere? 8 Q. Okay. Well, how many are there? 8 9 A. If they offered it. 9 A. What do you mean, for children or adults or --10 Q. How many programs are there for drug treatment Q. Okay. But there's no reason that couldn't 10 11 for children in Montgomery? happen, is there? 11 12 A. No. In the perfect world, no. 12 A. Meadhaven is for adults. Okay. CAPs on 13 Air Base Boulevard has kids out there. Q. Okay. Now, I want you to tell me then, Garry, 13 14 how many -- and let's talk about a kid named 14 There's the Lighthouse. Other than that, J.B., okay? 15 there may be some counselors that are 15 certified alcohol and drug counselors, 16 A. Okay. 16 17 17 outpatient. Q. Do you know who J.B. is? 18 A. No. sir. 18 Q. All right. So a child could be placed in a 19 19 group home and get drug treatment through one Q. Okay. When you have a kid who is sitting in of those sources, couldn't he? 20 detention for a month and you know that that 20 21 child needs drug treatment --21 A. In Montgomery County, yes. 22 22 A. Yes, sir. Q. Okay. And so if a young man y'all have staffed to drug treatment is waiting in 23 23 Q. -- okay -- there's a bed open at a group home Page 43 Page 45 1 in Montgomery County, okay? 1 detention for a month yet there's a bed open 2 A. Okav. 2 at the Montgomery group home and his risk Q. That happens frequently, doesn't it? 3 score says he's appropriate for a group home, 3 4 4 he could go to that group home and get drug A. Yes, sir. treatment in Montgomery, couldn't he? 5 5 Q. Okay. As a matter of fact, Pat submitted an affidavit saying that there's times that that 6 A. Yes, sir. 6 7 7 happens. So you know that happens, don't Q. Okay. How many times have you, being on that 8 you? 8 screening and placement committee, looked at a A. If what happens? child and said, they're on the waiting list to 9 9 Q. Where there's kids on a waiting list to go 10 go to this program, but we could put him in a 10 somewhere, but there's maybe a group home bed 11 group home or some other program and get him 11 12 12 open. the service locally? 13 A. Repeat what you're asking now. 13 A. How -- I couldn't tell you how many times. 14 Q. A situation where a child is waiting to go to 14 Q. Have you ever done that? a drug treatment program sitting in detention 15 15 A. Have I ever done what? waiting for that drug program, but there's a 16 16 Q. Have you ever participated in that decision 17 17 group home bed open. That -process, Garry? A. So what's your --A. What? 18 18 19 Q. What I just described. 19 Q. -- happens, doesn't it? 20 A. You're saying Pat said it happened? 20 A. Explain it to me again. 21 Q. If a group home bed is open in Montgomery --21 Q. What I just described, where you have a 22 do you live in Montgomery? 22 child --

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A. Yes, sir.

A. You'll have to explain it to me again. When I

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perspective. I sometimes -- or I don't ask

how long they've been in detention. I mean, I

Deposition of Garry L. GreggJ.B. vs. WOOD August 1, 2007 Page 46 Page 48 1 ask you -- if I don't know something and I ask 1 don't ask that question. 2 2 you, I don't understand. And from the start, Q. Why do you not ask that question? 3 3 you told me if I didn't understand, you would A. I'm looking at what they need. And what I'm 4 4 looking at is whether they're at detention or say it again. 5 5 Q. Sure. home, that's where they're at. 6 6 Q. So if a child is sitting in detention and has A. And that's what I'm asking. 7 7 been sitting there for a month --Q. I'll be glad to. You have a child that screening and A. Okay. 8 8 9 placement has put on a waiting list for a drug 9 Q. -- on a waiting list to go to a drug program -- are we together so far? 10 program. Do you understand that? 10 A. Yes, sir. A. Yes, sir. We're together. 11 11 12 12 O. And he could just as well -- if v'all went Q. Okay. You have a bed open at the Montgomery 13 back the next week and said, no, let's put him 13 group home. A. Okay. 14 14 in this group home and get him his drug 15 Q. How many times have you participated in 15 treatment locally, you could do that, couldn't 16 decision-making as part of the screening and 16 you? 17 placement committee where you have said, we'll 17 A. Yeah. I mean, if -- I mean, there's certain 18 take the child, get him off the waiting list 18 situations it may not work. I mean, one, the 19 19 kid could be from Montgomery County, and his for the drug program, we'll put him in a group 20 home, and he can get his drug treatment 20 family is there and ... 21 21 Q. My question to you is, how many times have you locally? 22 22 A. Yes, sir. Because there's CAPs here. He participated in the decision where a kid is on could do that here. 23 a waiting list waiting to go to a drug program 23 Page 47 Page 49 1 Q. Okay. How many times have you participated in 1 and you've said something like, well, he's in 2 2 detention, we can get him into a group home 3 A. I couldn't tell you. Over six years, I 3 quicker, let's do that? 4 couldn't tell you. I do not know. 4 A. I've done that, but I couldn't tell you how 5 Q. So you've done that? 5 many times. I don't know. 6 6 Q. Okay. So your testimony is screening and A. Have I done what? Had -- because they're 7 placement has put a kid on a waiting list for getting drug treatment at Montgomery group 7 8 home. They're getting it -- we're saying are 8 a drug program and you have participated in 9 decisions where you have moved him off the they getting drug treatment. Yes. And you've 9 10 waiting list for the drug treatment program said Montgomery. At Montgomery, they can get 10 drug treatment through CAPs. Some other group and moved him into a group home? 11 11 A. He's getting drug treatment at the group home. 12 homes don't have that. So when you just say 12 13 Montgomery and just use Montgomery, that would 13 Q. Okay. 14 be a true statement. 14 MR. PERRY: Garry, listen carefully 15 Q. Well, how many times have you put a kid on a 15 to his question. 16 16 THE WITNESS: Okay. waiting list for a drug program, seen that 17 17 he's going to sit in detention for a long MR. PERRY: He's asking you a time, and go ahead and just put him in a group 18 18 specific -- if that specific 19 home and let him get his drug treatment 19 incident or occurrence has ever 20 20 locally? happened, when the committee has 21 A. Well, the first thing you're asking is from my 21 gone back -- after they have

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23

staffed a kid, then gone back

and said, look, let's get him

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Page 50 Page 52 1 off the waiting list and let's 1 A. Because what I'm saying is, is after we get 2 2 through with placement and screening, to the put him someplace other than best of my knowledge, Ms. Ross and 3 where we staffed him. He's 3 4 asking you did that ever --4 Mr. Pendergast call the PO up and -- with A. Yeah, that's happened. their findings and where the child is going to 5 5 6 MR. PERRY: That has happened. 6 7 7 A. That has happened. And there may be some situations -- I 8 Q. Okay. Tell me the circumstances that has don't know -- personally know, because I don't 8 personally at that time talk to the PO. Maybe 9 9 happened. 10 there's something added to it. Maybe just, 10 A. Well, I mean, in a situation -- we're trying 11 to get kids off the waiting list as quick as 11 you know, we're -- where we're looking at it 12 12 is, maybe the child in the last week or so -we can. 13 13 Q. How do you get them off the waiting list as maybe their mother died, okay, maybe that 14 happened. So how you would have to look at it quick as you can? 14 15 is, would it be best to put the -- you know, A. Get them into a program. 15 Q. I don't understand what you mean by a the child in a group home knowing he or she is 16 16 17 program. What do you mean get them into a 17 under all of those problems or not. I mean, 18 program? 18 I'm just using that as a example. 19 19 A. As quickly as we can, get them in and start Q. Sure. Garry, is it your belief that after 20 staffing on Wednesday that Pat or Jada contact 20 helping them. 21 Q. Well, do you think it hurts them to sit in 21 the probation officer and tell them where the 22 detention and not get the help they need? 22 child is going to go? A. Does it -- what now? 23 A. Yes, sir. 23 Page 51 Page 53 Q. Does it hurt them to sit in detention and not Q. You know that happens or you --1 1 2 have them get the help they need? 2 A. Well, I mean, I don't know. I mean, I -- you know, it would -- I mean, all I know is after A. I mean, to me, personally speaking, I don't 3 3 think any youth -- and this is personally that and they go back -- for us to get the 4 4 5 speaking -- should have to stay in detention, 5 kids to us, there would have to be some kind 6 but it happens. 6 of conversation. I mean, I don't think it 7 Q. Garry, I would represent to you that 7 would be where somebody would just drive up 8 Mr. Pendergast filed an affidavit with the 8 and honk the horn and say, come on. I mean, 9 there would have to be something more than court in which he said that between May 18th 9 10 of '05 and June 28th of '05 that there were 10 that. 11 11 Q. Not much more. Garry, if you believe you're vacant beds in Montgomery group home. 12 12 there at screening and placement to make A. Okay. treatment decisions for a child, what does 13 Q. My question to you is, if during that time 13 14 period there was a child on the waiting list 14 having a social security number have anything 15 15 that needed drug treatment and they had a risk to do with making that treatment decision for 16 score that allowed them to go to a group home, 16 the child? 17 could it have been possible that that child 17 A. What now, the social security number? could have gone to that group home? 18 18 Q. Yes. Why would y'all have to have the social A. Under those circumstances, they could. I security number to make a treatment decision 19 19 20 mean, if it's all right with the court and the 20 regarding the child? 21 judge and everybody else. 21 A. I don't even know why we'd have to have a 22 Q. Okay. Now, why do you say if it's all right 22 social security number. I mean, just -- what 23 23 I'm thinking is sometimes there's kids that with the court?

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1	have similar names. And sometimes when you	1	medical conditions, are they on any kind of
2	look on the screen, if I did not see the	2	medication, do they have any kind of DHR
3	social security number, I wouldn't know which	3	involvement.
4	one that was.	4	Q. And from that, do you form an initial
5	Q. Why do you only have staffing once a week?	5	impression about what your recommendation will
6	A. Why? I mean, I don't know why it's once a	6	be as to where they should be placed?
7	week. I know it's once a week, but I don't	7	A. No, sir.
8	know why.	8	Q. Do you make a notation from your review of the
9	Q. Well, Garry, why should a child if you get	9	file things that when you see this child's
10	the complete packet on a Thursday, why should	10	name again you can remember anything about
11	a child have to wait until the following	11	that child?
12	Wednesday before y'all decide where it's	12	A. Sometimes. I mean, when I look at them is
13	appropriate to go?	13	there are going to be some that you can read
14	A. I couldn't answer that question.	14	the file, and there's nothing really that
15	Q. Do you think that's fair to the child?	15	that sticks out.
16	A. He sat from Thursday to Wednesday. I mean, it	16	Q. Well, on Wednesday, you don't when you're
17	would it is what it is. I mean, it's not	17	in a screening and placement meeting, you
18	just meeting on it. It's getting, you know,	18	don't read the file again, do you?
19	departments to bring kids.	19	A. Well, if there's something I may question or
20	Q. I'm not talking about placement.	20	something, I may say, can I see the file
21	A. Okay.	21	again; there's something I may have forgotten
22	Q. I'm talking about for y'all to meet and decide	22	or I didn't notate.
23	where a child is going to go, why should a	23	Q. So as a general proposition, you make no notes
	Page 55		Page 57
1	child have to wait up to a week before that	1	or notations anywhere of the files that you
2	process happens?	2	review?
3	A. I don't know.	3	A. I do. I mean, some I do. Some I don't.
4	Q. Have you ever suggested that we do it quicker	4	Q. Okay. And where are those documents? Where
5	than a week?	5	do you keep those?
6	A. No.	_	do you keep those:
7	11. 110.	6	A. I tear them up afterwards. I mean, that's for
1 '	Q. Do you think that it's fair to that child to	6 7	* -
8			A. I tear them up afterwards. I mean, that's for
	Q. Do you think that it's fair to that child to have to wait a week?A. I don't know.	7	A. I tear them up afterwards. I mean, that's for my personal use.
8	Q. Do you think that it's fair to that child to have to wait a week?	7 8	A. I tear them up afterwards. I mean, that's for my personal use.Q. So as you're reviewing each file, do you have
8 9 10 11	Q. Do you think that it's fair to that child to have to wait a week?A. I don't know.	7 8 9	 A. I tear them up afterwards. I mean, that's for my personal use. Q. So as you're reviewing each file, do you have a notebook you use? Do you have A. Just a yellow piece of paper. Q. And so on a yellow sheet of paper you'll have
8 9 10	Q. Do you think that it's fair to that child to have to wait a week?A. I don't know.Q. When you review the files, Garry, do you make	7 8 9 10	 A. I tear them up afterwards. I mean, that's for my personal use. Q. So as you're reviewing each file, do you have a notebook you use? Do you have A. Just a yellow piece of paper.
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8 9 10 11 12 13 14	 Q. Do you think that it's fair to that child to have to wait a week? A. I don't know. Q. When you review the files, Garry, do you make notations in the file? A. Sometimes I do. Sometimes I don't. Q. How do you make notations, and where would you make your notations? 	7 8 9 10 11	 A. I tear them up afterwards. I mean, that's for my personal use. Q. So as you're reviewing each file, do you have a notebook you use? Do you have A. Just a yellow piece of paper. Q. And so on a yellow sheet of paper you'll have information on about fifty kids on average? A. Well, not fifty. If there's one I have some questions about.
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8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 Q. Do you think that it's fair to that child to have to wait a week? A. I don't know. Q. When you review the files, Garry, do you make notations in the file? A. Sometimes I do. Sometimes I don't. Q. How do you make notations, and where would you make your notations? A. Usually in my head, or I might scribble something down on a piece of paper. Q. Well, do you have something you keep in your when you review a file, tell me how you review that file. A. Well, I start with page one. And I look and 	7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 A. I tear them up afterwards. I mean, that's for my personal use. Q. So as you're reviewing each file, do you have a notebook you use? Do you have A. Just a yellow piece of paper. Q. And so on a yellow sheet of paper you'll have information on about fifty kids on average? A. Well, not fifty. If there's one I have some questions about. Q. Well, then, how do you remember the other forty-five, Garry, anything about them that you can make a competent decision about? A. Well, what I'm saying is, is when I've read them and I look at them, the ones I'm writing down is ones I'm kind of questioning where

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Page 58 Page 60 1 1 in your mind a general impression of where Q. Well, besides saying it's not good for a 2 2 child, does it have any other significance to they should go? 3 you? 3 A. No, I don't have a general impression. 4 Because then when we get in there and meet, I 4 A. What do you mean? haven't made an absolute certain decision. Q. Have you gotten your master's yet? 5 5 6 Because I'm not going to be so concrete that 6 A. Yes. sir. 7 7 when I get there that I'm going to say, it's Q. The second one you're working on? A. No, sir. I kind of slowed down. I went to got to be a certain way. Because there's 8 8 9 three other people in there. 9 school so much. 10 10 Q. So you're telling me for the forty kids you Q. All right. 11 don't make notes on each week, you can MR. DRUMMOND: Mr. Perry may have 11 12 remember enough details about that kid to make 12 some questions for you. If not, 13 13 a credible recommendation about -thank you. 14 MR. PERRY: Thank you, Garry. A. Well, what I --14 Q. -- where that child should go? THE WITNESS: All right. Thank 15 15 16 A. -- what I've done -- what I've done is -- when 16 17 17 you say credible is -- we go over them. And 18 as we go over them, we're open for (The deposition concluded at 18 19 discussion. And ones I know, to the best of 19 approximately 1:30 p.m.) 20 my ability, that this is what they need, this 20 ***** 21 is -- this is what I go by. And then the ones 21 22 that I'm not sure, maybe they're too young or 22 FURTHER DEPONENT SAITH NOT 23 ****** this or that or others, you know, I make 23 Page 59 Page 61 1 REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE 1 little notations and ask some questions when 2 we get there. 2 3 Q. Do you understand that the decision that you 3 STATE OF ALABAMA: make each Wednesday dictates what happens to 4 4 **BUTLER COUNTY:** 5 5 that child for the next three or six months or I, Julie A. Duncan, Court Reporter and Commissioner for the State of Alabama at Large, do 6 a year? 6 7 7 hereby certify that I reported the deposition of: A. Yes, sir. I mean, I don't -- I don't take it 8 8 lightly. I mean, I -- personally, it's an GARRY L. GREGG 9 awesome responsibility. Because I know that, 9 who was first duly sworn by me to speak the truth, you know, individual lives are being held at the whole truth and nothing but the truth, in the 10 10 11 11 stake and ... matter of: 12 Q. And if that's the case, Garry, tell me in your 12 J.B., a minor child, by and through 13 mind what impact it has for a kid that has a 13 his next friend, ADDIE WARD, on 14 14 one on a risk assessment to sit in detention behalf of himself and all others similarly situated, 15 for six weeks only when he's finally placed to 15 16 go to a group home, a non-secure program. Plaintiff, 16 17 What significance does that have to you? 17 VS. A. Well, that's not good. But I don't know all WALTER WOOD, in his individual 18 18 19 the -- I don't know all of the factors why he 19 capacity, 20 20 or she has been in detention six weeks. I Defendant. 21 21 CASE NO: 02:06cv755-MHT mean, like I said a few moments ago, 22 personally I wish that no child had to go to 22 23 23 detention for the first day. *****

	Page 62	
1	J.B., a minor child, by and through	
2	his next friend, ADDIE WARD, on	
3	behalf of himself and all others	
4	similarly situated,	
5	Plaintiff,	
6	VS.	
7	WALTER WOOD, in his individual	
8	capacity,	
9	Defendant.	
10	CASE NO: 02:06cv908-MHT,	
11	In the United States District Court	
12	for the Middle District of Alabama	
13	Northern Division,	
14	on Wednesday, August 1, 2007.	
15	The foregoing 62 computer-printed pages	
16	contain a true and correct transcript of the	
17	examination of said witness by counsel for the parties	
18	set out herein. The reading and signing of same is	
19	hereby waived.	
20	I further certify that I am neither of kin	
21	nor of counsel to the parties to said cause	
22	nor in any manner interested in the results	
23	thereof.	
	Page 63	
1	This 9th day of August, 2007.	
1 2	This 9th day of August, 2007.	
3		
4		
	Julie A. Duncan,	
5	Court Reporter and	
	Commissioner for the State	
6	of Alabama at Large	
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DEPOSITION OF QUEEN BARKER

August 1, 2007

Pages 1 through 49

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August 1, 2007

Page 1

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF ALABAMA

NORTHERN DIVISION

J.B., a minor child, by and through his next friend, ADDIE WARD, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated,

Plaintiff,

vs.

CASE NO:

02:06cv755-MHT

WALTER WOOD, in his individual capacity,

Defendant.

J.B., a minor child, by and through his next friend, ADDIE WARD, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated,

Plaintiff,

vs.

CASE NO:

02:06cv908-MHT

WALTER WOOD, in his individual capacity,

Defendant.

* * * * * * * * * * * *

DEPOSITION OF QUEEN BARKER

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Page 2 Page 4 DEPOSITION OF QUEEN BARKER, taken pursuant to 1 1 It is further stipulated and agreed by and 2 stipulation and agreement before Julie A. Duncan, 2 between counsel representing the parties in this case 3 Court Reporter and Commissioner for the State of 3 Alabama at Large, in the Offices of Beasley, Allen, that the filing of said deposition is hereby waived 5 Crow, Methvin, Portis & Miles, 218 Commerce Street, 4 and may be introduced at the trial of this case or 6 Montgomery, Alabama, on Wednesday, August 1, 2007, used in any other manner by either party hereto 7 commencing at approximately 1:35 p.m. 5 8 б provided for by the Statute regardless of the waiving 9 ****** 7 of the filing of the same. 10 APPEARANCES It is further stipulated and agreed by and 8 11 9 between the parties hereto and the witness that the ON BEHALF OF THE PLAINTIFF: 12 10 signature of the witness to this deposition is hereby Mr. Michael J. Crow waived. 11 13 BEASLEY, ALLEN, CROW, METHVIN, PORTIS & MILES 12 Attomeys at Law 14 218 Commerce Street 13 ******** Montgomery, Alabama 36104 14 15 Mr. Robert D. Drummond, Jr. 15 **QUEEN BARKER** 16 Attorney at Law 16 The witness, after having first been duly sworn 323 De la Mare Avenue 17 Fairhope, Alabama 36532 to speak the truth, the whole truth and nothing but 17 ON BEHALF OF THE DEFENDANT: 18 18 the truth testified as follows: 19 Mr. T. Dudley Perry, Jr. 19 State of Alabama **EXAMINATION** 20 Department of Youth Services 20 BY MR. DRUMMOND: Deputy Attorney General 21 21 Post Office Box 66 Q. Queen, this is Mike Crow. He is co-counsel. Mt. Meigs, Alabama 36057 22 And I guess I've known you for twenty years or 22 23 23 Page 3 Page 5 **EXAMINATION INDEX** 1 1 A. Uh-huh (positive response). 2 2 Q. That sounds right. It's good to see you **QUEEN BARKER** 3 again. 3 4 A. It's good to see you. BY MR. DRUMMOND 5 O. Have you been deposed before, Queen? 4 5 6 EXHIBIT INDEX 6 7 Q. Have you ever given a deposition before? (No exhibits marked to this deposition.) 8 A. No. This is my first time. 7 9 Q. Queen, I'm going to ask you a series of 8 10 questions. In asking you those questions, if * * * * * * * * * * * * * 11 I misstate or say something stupid, which is 9 likely, or ask a bad question, if you would 10 STIPULATION 12 11 It is hereby stipulated and agreed by and 13 ask me to rephrase it or restate it, I'll be 12 between counsel representing the parties that the 14 glad to do that, okay? deposition of QUEEN BARKER is taken pursuant to the 13 15 A. Okay. 14 Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and that said 16 Q. Likewise, if I don't ask you -- or if you 15 deposition may be taken before Julie A. Duncan, Court 17 don't ask me to rephrase it, I'll presume and Reporter and Commissioner for the State of Alabama at 16 17 Large, without the formality of a commission, that 18 conclude that you're answering it with a full 18 objections to questions other than objections as to 19 understanding, okay? 19 the form of the question need not be made at this time 20 A. (Witness nodding head). 20 but may be reserved for a ruling at such time as the Q. You have to speak out loud so she can get 21 21 said deposition may be offered in evidence or used for 22 you. She can't get a head nod. any other purpose by either party provided for by the 22 23 A. Okay. 23 Statute.

Page 6 Page 8 1 Q. It probably isn't going to be fun for the next 1 perspective or your understanding, is to determine which placement a child could be 2 2 hour, but it will be okay, okay? 3 housed at to receive their services? 3 A. Okay. 4 Q. Queen, what is your position with the 4 A. Yes. 5 5 Q. Okay. And by that, I mean, screening and department? 6 A. I am a special education coordinator. placement is not there to develop service 6 7 7 Q. Okay. plans, are they? A. No. 8 8 A. And the assessment coordinator. 9 9 Q. Okay. They're not there to take a look at the Q. Queen, how long have you served on the screening and placement committee? 10 10 file and say, these are the services we're going to provide to a child? A. For about seven or eight years. 11 11 12 O. How is it decided who will be on that 12 A. Can you further explain that for me? Q. Sure. You know the service plan -- what a 13 committee? 13 14 service plan is, correct? A. I am on the committee. I can only tell you 14 15 A. Yes. about why I am on it. 15 16 16 Q. Okay. And a child doesn't get out of DYS Q. Okay. because they've satisfied what Pat Pendergast 17 17 A. I am on the committee to -- because I'm in 18 education, to identify the special education 18 or Queen Barker says they need to do, do they? students and/or the grades and schools which 19 19 the students attended and to help in making a 20 Q. They get out of DYS by completing the service 20 21 decision where placement is concerned. 21 plan? 22 Q. Okay. What is the purpose of the screening 22 A. Yes. and placement committee? 23 Q. Okay. Screening and placement does not 23 Page 7 Page 9 A. Okay. The purpose of the screening and develop the service plan, correct? 1 1 placement committee? 2 2 A. Correct. 3 Q. Yes, ma'am. 3 O. So it is -- once a child gets to a facility A. Is to get together, read -- first, we read the and that service plan is developed, it's the 4 4 5 records of all of the students, incoming 5 services that that child gets to meet his 6 students. And we make a decision as to where 6 needs in the service plan, his completion of 7 they are going to go based on the reasons for 7 those, that's what gets him released from 8 coming in, which may be the crime that they 8 DYS? Is that true? 9 have committed, their needs, which includes 9 A. I'm going to have to ask you to state that -educational needs, and so forth, and on their 10 that last phrase, say it over again, please --10 Q. Sure. 11 stay. And there may be others I may be not 11 12 12 A. -- so I can pay more attention to the last saying. 13 Q. Does screening and placement exist to make 13 phrase. 14 treatment decisions? 14 Q. Once a child is placed at a facility --15 15 A. Uh-huh (positive response). A. We make decisions, but not so much -- it may O. -- then there's a whole policy, procedure, and 16 be related to what treatment they may need for 16 practice in place for the development of a 17 placement. But when you say treatment, we 17 don't treat kids, so -- we make decisions 18 service plan, correct? 18 based on the treatment, you know, where they 19 19 A. That's correct. 20 may need to go or be placed for a particular 20 Q. Okay. And it is those services that that 21 21 child is provided and his completion of those treatment. 22 22 Q. Okay. So, Queen, is it fair to say that the services -- that's what leads to his release 23 purpose of screening and placement, from your 23 from DYS; is that correct?

Page 10 Page 12 1 development of the service plan, do they? 1 A. That's correct. 2 Q. Okay. So then, Queen, can you explain to 2 me -- let me ask you this way. If screening 3 3 Q. Okay. And so when you're talking about needs, 4 and placement plays no role in the development 4 it doesn't matter what needs a child has. of a service plan -- which is true, correct? 5 5 Once they get to a facility, then his service б plan will be developed to decide what needs he 6 Is that correct? 7 7 A. Uh-huh (positive response). has and how best to serve those needs: isn't Q. Okay. She needs --8 8 that true? A. Correct. 9 9 A. That's true. 10 Q. Okay. If they play no role in the development 10 Q. Then what role, Queen, does screening and of that service plan, then screening and 11 placement, say in looking at a need, have any 11 12 placement is there to decide which facility a 12 role in determining where a child is going to 13 child can be housed at most appropriately to 13 be housed to have his service plan developed? 14 A. We look at the crime that the child has have his service plan developed; is that 14 15 correct? 15 committed. And we think about the facilities 16 16 A. Correct. we have that may be able to -- even though we 17 17 don't play a role in treatment, that may be Q. Queen, if screening and placement is there 18 simply to determine housing placement, then 18 the best placement for that child to get that 19 19 does it use a risk assessment in part in treatment. 20 making that determination? 20 Q. Okay. Well, for example, if a child needs 21 21 A. Yes. drug treatment as one of his needs -- well, 22 22 you might decide he needs drug treatment, Q. Okay. And would that be the primary right? If he has drug treatment needs, you 23 consideration -- is that the first, other than 23 Page 11 Page 13 gender maybe? But is the risk assessment the might say, well, let's get him into a drug 1 1 2 primary consideration in the type of housing a 2 treatment program, right? child will need? 3 3 A. We do. 4 A. No. 4 Q. Okay. And in fact, his drug treatment may be 5 5 just one need out of many that he has, right? Q. Okay. If it's not risk that is the primary, is it a primary consideration? A. That's true. 6 6 7 7 Q. Okay. For whatever reason, besides Meigs, A. It's one of the considerations. 8 Q. Okay. Then what other consideration 8 Vacca, Chalkville, HIT, and the group homes, 9 determines what type of housing a child will everything is private provider now, isn't it? 9 need in order to get their service plan A. That's true. 10 10 11 developed? 11 Q. And there's over thirty private providers, 12 A. It would be -- the risk is not the primary --12 aren't there? However many there are, it it's one of them. It's just one of them. 13 13 doesn't matter. But the number of private 14 Q. Okay. 14 providers -- you know as a screening and 15 A. The treatment is based on what the child needs 15 placement member that each one has different 16 based on what they have done to get to that 16 attributes for certain types of children, 17 17 point in the first place. correct? 18 Q. All right. Let me stop you there. Let's take 18 A. That's correct. 19 it piece by piece. 19 Q. Okay. And so if you decide that a child needs 20 20 drug treatment, he's going to go on a drug A. Okay. 21 21 treatment placement list, right? Q. Screening and placement doesn't develop the 22 service plan. So screening and placement, 22 A. He will go to a facility that would be able to 23 23 would you not -- they play no role in the service him in that area.

Page 14 Page 16 1 Q. Okay. Well, in all of these private 1 means he's going to HIT and then he's going to 2 placements that exist, is it true or not true 2 go to the A & D program. He's going to go to 3 that screening and placement, or you, or Pat, 3 both programs. 4 I don't care who it is -- that somebody has 4 Q. Okay. And that's a treatment decision you've made the decision, if we think the child is made about that child, isn't it? 5 5 6 this person based on some characteristics. 6 A. That is a decision that we make to, hopefully, 7 7 we're going to put him in X program, for get him the treatment he needs. example, Camp Cobia, or the Bridge A & D; is 8 Q. Well, now, wait a minute, Queen. You don't 8 9 that accurate? 9 develop the service plan. Your sending him to 10 10 A. I wouldn't say that's altogether accurate. HIT is a treatment decision, isn't it? 11 Q. Okay. You tell me, Queen. You're the one on 11 MR. PERRY: Objection to the form. 12 the committee. 12 Argumentative. 13 13 A. Okay. We read the records of all of the Q. You can go ahead and answer. Screening and 14 incoming students. We look at their needs. 14 placement is determining, we think he needs And like I say, you say we're not there for HIT; isn't that right? 15 15 16 needs. I understand what you're saying. That 16 A. Correct. 17 17 Q. And then you're making a decision he needs is correct. 18 Q. Okay. What I'm saying --18 drug treatment, right? 19 19 A. That's correct, if he needed it. A. But we have to --20 20 Q. Okay. But it's not your role to decide what Q. -- is correct about that, right? 21 A. -- make a decision --21 programs he needs, is it? 22 22 MR. PERRY: Objection to the form. Q. Okay. 23 23 Q. It's your role to get him into an appropriate A. -- where they can get -- best get the Page 15 Page 17 treatment that they may need. 1 facility to have his service plan developed; 1 2 Q. Well, Queen, let's take J.B., for example, a 2 isn't that right? young man back in 2005, spring of 2005. He 3 A. That's not altogether true. 3 Q. Okay. Well, Queen, we've got about forty-five 4 had a low risk score. He was committed with a 4 minutes to make it altogether true. You know, 5 5 specific recommendation for drug treatment. And he was placed on -- well, something called 6 б you've been with the department a long time. 7 7 HIT -- no, Autauga slash AD combo. What is And you're the one person that knows this. 8 that? 8 When you -- when screening and 9 placement -- well, let's go about it this A. HIT is a twenty-eight day program that they 9 will go to to, hopefully, make some changes 10 way. HIT is a program, isn't it? 10 where -- the behavior component. It's a 11 11 Q. Okay. HIT happens to be a program that is at 12 structured program. A & D will be one of our 12 13 programs, drug programs, that will service 13 the Autauga campus, correct? 14 that child relative to the drug issues that he 14 A. True, that's one of them. Q. Is Thomasville still operational? 15 or she will have -- or with him, I guess. 15 16 Q. Well, what does it mean if y'all staff them at 16 A. Yes. 17 17 Autauga slash AD combo? Q. So HIT are not destinations? HIT are programs 18 A. We're giving the child a little bit more that happen to be at Autauga and Thomasville, 18 time. You know, when I say that, the HIT 19 19 correct? 20 components are there to help children to learn 20 A. Correct. 21 to develop better decision-making processes 21 Q. Okay. So when J.B. -- it was determined that 22 and how to work together as a whole. The 22 he was going to go to the HIT program, that 23 23 A & D program slash -- that's a combo. That was a program treatment decision, wasn't it?

Page 18 Page 20 1 1 A. Based on what the committee felt that the MR. PERRY: Objection to form. 2 Why don't you represent to child needed. 2 3 Q. Okay. But, Queen, screening and placement 3 her the other material facts? 4 doesn't have the authority, do they -- by 4 Q. You can go ahead and answer. policy, have any authority to decide what the 5 5 A. It is based on his needs. And I know what needs are for a child's service plan, do they? 6 6 you're going to go back to, but it's --7 7 MR. PERRY: Objection to the form. O. Well, if his --A. -- based on his needs. 8 Q. Do they, Queen? 8 9 MR. CROW: You can answer. 9 Q. Well, if his need is drug treatment, because 10 10 Q. You can go ahead and answer. the court said he needs drug treatment, he 11 could go to a group home and get drug MR. PERRY: I'm sorry. Yes. 11 12 12 treatment, couldn't he? A. Okay. 13 13 Q. Y'all don't have that authority, do you? MR. PERRY: Objection to the form. 14 A. I would say that --14 A. I couldn't answer that --MR. PERRY: He's not asking for --Q. Well---15 15 16 Queen, he's not asking for an 16 A. -- without my opinion being there. Q. Okay. Well, let's go back, Queen. Kids that 17 17 opinion. He's asking you if --18 he's asking you what is the 18 go to a group home have all sorts of needs, 19 19 answer to the question. don't they? 20 A. I couldn't give you that answer without giving 20 A. That would be assuming, and I don't want to do 21 my opinion. 21 that. 22 Q. Okay. Well, you're welcome to give your 22 Q. Well, what kind of kids do you send to group 23 opinion. My next question is going to be, 23 homes? Page 19 Page 21 1 1 direct me to what authority there is. So you A. These are very low risk kids. Kids who most 2 tell me what authority screening and placement 2 likely can function out there in society, has to make treatment decisions regarding any 3 3 because these kids are able to move freely 4 4 child. sometimes. 5 MR. PERRY: Queen, you're here to 5 Q. Well, even a kid that waits six weeks in 6 6 answer the questions that you detention could be staffed by y'all to go to a 7 7 know the answer to. Tell him group home, couldn't he? MR. PERRY: Objection to the form. 8 what you know. Answer the 8 9 9 questions to the best of your What kid? 10 10 ability if you --Q. Any kid. Any kid that's in detention, y'all might staff them to go to a group home, A. I don't know. 11 11 12 couldn't you? 12 Q. Okay. I would represent to you that Pat in an 13 affidavit has sworn to the court that in May 13 MR. PERRY: Objection to the form. A. There are other variables that must be met. 14 of 2005 that there were beds open at the 14 Montgomery group home. Okay. I'm making that Q. Queen, when you go into the -- when you review 15 15 16 representation to you. Mr. Perry will make it 16 the files each week, when do you do that? 17 too if you ask him. He's the one that wrote 17 A. When do I review the files? 18 it. 18 O. Yes. 19 19 A child that is on -- that has a risk A. Sometimes I start reading on Monday, Tuesday, 20 and Wednesday mornings. 20 score -- or, I'm sorry, has a score indicating 21 that he needs drug treatment, if he had a risk 21 Q. Okay. So the earliest that you would start 22 22 reviewing for Wednesday afternoon would be score that allowed him to go to a group home, he could go to that group home, couldn't he? 23 Monday sometime? 23

Page 22 Page 24 1 A. Uh-huh (positive response). 1 initial placement comment? Who says, here is 2 2 Q. Okay. And how do you -- do the files come to where I think they ought to go? 3 A. Oh, no, we don't have that kind of thing, not you or do you go to the files? What do you 3 4 4 during my -- okay. We -- we talk about it. 5 A. I go and get the files from the screening and 5 And I may say, you know, well, he needs this. 6 And then we'll look at it. And we may make a placement area. 6 7 Q. Okay. And then as you're reviewing them, do 7 decision, but ... you make notes? 8 8 Q. All right. The decision is made, Queen. Is A. Yes. that decision communicated to the child? 9 9 Q. Where do you -- how do you keep those notes, 10 10 A. We don't have any kids there. in a diary or a log or something? Q. Well, the kids that are at home or in 11 11 12 A. Usually, I keep them on paper, but I 12 detention, do y'all communicate what you've eliminate -- get rid of the paper after the 13 13 decided to the child? 14 14 A. I do not. I can't say what anyone else does. meeting. 15 Q. Do you make a note about each child, some sort Q. Do you think a child ought to be notified? 15 A. I don't know. I don't know whether they do it 16 of note? 16 or not. I don't know what the situation is 17 17 A. I do to a great extent. 18 Q. Okay. For example, what would you make notes 18 with that. about a child regarding? 19 19 Q. Okay. So if a child is going to be waiting in A. If the child has been in a system before, what 20 detention for a month, do you think that child 20 21 the educational problems appear to be. 21 ought to be notified that it's anticipated 22 22 he's going to be waiting there for three or Q. What notes do you make about your impression as to an initial placement? 23 four weeks waiting for a placement? 23 Page 23 Page 25 A. I look at the court order also. And many 1 1 A. I don't know. Q. Okay. When you have a child that is sitting 2 times the PO, or in the court order there will 2 3 be a suggestion for placement. I might write 3 in detention and you, through Child Find, it on the file -- on the folder. I might determine -- do you use Child Find if you 4 4 5 5 don't know whether or not they're special ed? write it on my paper, but it's only a 6 6 suggestion. A. I do. 7 Q. Okay. I would represent to you in Pat's 7 Q. Okay. You find that a child is entitled to 8 deposition he said that generally what 8 special ed. Do you ensure that they have an 9 happened, y'all would start the meeting, he interim IEP while they're waiting? 9 would pull the file, he would, basically, say A. While they're waiting in detention? 10 10 what his recommendation is and then there 11 11 O. Yes. 12 12 would be some discussion. If there was some A. No. 13 descension, there might be more discussion, 13 Q. When I say make any effort, I'm not and then y'all would come to a consensus; is criticizing. Is there any effort made to make 14 14 15 sure that that child is being provided his 15 that accurate? 16 A. That's accurate. 16 educational entitlements while he's waiting in 17 Q. Okay. Is it the sense that Pat comes in, he 17 detention to be placed? A. Based on the educational procedures, the 18 pulls the file, he says, it's so and so, I've 18 got him down as this is the placement, any school in that particular area where the 19 19 thoughts? Is that pretty much how it works? teaching facility is, is responsible for 20 20 21 A. Not really. We look at the suggestions made 21 making sure that those kids receive their 22 22 by the court, and we discuss it. special education. Q. What I'm trying to find out is, who makes the 23 Q. Okay. Is it your belief that that's being 23

Page 26 Page 28 1 1 done? A. I would like for you to -- if you don't mind, 2 2 to explain what you mean by classification. A. I don't want to speculate that it's not being 3 3 done. I hope so. And to the best of my ability, I will answer. Q. Queen, are you familiar with the 4 4 Q. Sure. Queen, I'm just asking you -- you said classification manual? Are you familiar with that the -- there's classifications based on 5 5 6 the classification manual? 6 what comes in. I don't know. That's why I'm 7 7 A. Explain what you are talking about when you asking you. What classifications are there say classification manual. that you would review weekly? How do y'all 8 8 9 Q. All right. Do you know whether or not 9 classify kids? 10 10 screening and placement utilizes a A. I wouldn't say we classify them. I'm looking classification manual? at needs, what may be best for the child. 11 11 12 A. Can you explain that more, because what I may 12 Q. So in looking at needs, what may be best for 13 be thinking may not be what you're thinking. 13 the child, that's before the service plan is Q. Well, tell me what you're thinking. developed, correct? 14 14 A. We have categories such as serious juvenile 15 15 A. Correct. offenders. Is that what you're talking 16 16 Q. And you're making a placement decision based on your perceived needs of the child before 17 about? 17 18 Q. Does screening and placement categorize 18 the service plan is developed? 19 19 A. We're making decisions on what would be the children? 20 20 best facility that may service based on the A. Based --21 Q. Does screening and placement either 21 child's needs, what is recommended or the 22 22 classify -crime he committed. 23 23 A. No. Q. And then a child then goes to that facility, Page 27 Page 29 Q. -- or categorize children? 1 because that facility can meet the child's 1 A. We don't categorize. We -- we're given needs, as you perceive them to be? 2 2 3 classifications based on what comes in the A. Correct. 3 4 4 Q. Okay. And then what happens -- what is a files. fifty-two on the drug and alcohol score? 5 5 O. What are the classifications that -- what are 6 all the different classifications y'all could б A. I don't know. I don't know. 7 7 be given? Q. Would a fifty-two be a high score or a low 8 A. A child may be a serious juvenile offender. 8 score or --9 O. Okay. 9 A. I don't know. 10 A. The child may be -- it's based on what they 10 Q. Queen, as I look through the list of private have done. 11 providers, to me they fall generally into 11 12 12 secure programs, somewhat secure programs, and O. Based on what? 13 A. What they have done, you know. 13 non-secure programs; would that be right? Q. Well, what are the different classifications 14 14 A. Correct. 15 that you would review on a weekly basis? 15 Q. And so take, for example -- other than drug 16 A. Drug offenders. 16 treatment, there's some programs that DYS has 17 17 Q. So drug offenders is a classification or a private providers that are known as drug treatment programs, right? 18 category? 18 19 A. They are known to be able to service students 19 A. A category, I guess. Q. Okay. I think you had said there were some 20 who may have -- or have a need for drug 20 21 classifications based on what you get in. 21 treatment. 22 22 What are the other classifications besides Q. Well, for example, The Bridge is a drug SJO? 23 23 treatment program?

Page 30 Page 32 A. But we make decisions on facilities that may 1 A. The Bridge is known to have a component to 1 2 service a child who needs drug treatment. 2 be able to treat the child. 3 3 Q. What about Steps? What is it? Q. Right. And it's the decision that screening 4 A. Steps is known to have a component also that 4 and placement makes, their decision as to 5 service kids with drug problems. which facility they're going to put a child, 5 6 Q. Queen, other than drug treatment and sex б whether or not they're going to end up on a 7 7 offender treatment, other than those two waiting list if that particular -categories, what's the difference in all of 8 MR. PERRY: Objection to the form. 8 the other facilities? 9 9 Q. -- if that particular facility doesn't have a 10 10 A. Okay. The difference is, we look at the bed; is that true? 11 A. I hate to tell you this, but you need to educational. 11 12 12 Q. Let me stop you there. Regardless of any repeat that again. 13 facility that a child is placed at, their 13 Q. I'll be glad to. Your decision, screening and 14 placement, to place a child in any particular education is going to be provided, right? 14 A. Right. 15 facility is what determines whether they're 15 16 Q. So it should make no difference in a placement 16 going to have to wait or not to get into that program, aren't they? 17 decision about the educational needs, should 17 18 it? 18 MR. PERRY: Objection to the form. 19 19 A. Sometimes. A. Correct. 20 20 Q. And so if you decide program X is where we're Q. Okay. So then we've wiped out education. 21 Other than sex offender and drug treatment, 21 going to put him, but program Y -- if a decision had been made to put him in program Y 22 tell me what's the difference in all of these 22 and there's no waiting list, he could go right 23 other facilities where children can be placed? 23 Page 31 Page 33 1 A. We have group homes that when a -- will enable 1 away, couldn't he? 2 kids to -- you know, who may have a GED or who 2 A. We decide program X is where he's going. I'm 3 is a low risk kid can go to to get a job, go 3 trying to see if I understand you, okay? Q. Sure. 4 4 to college. 5 Q. But the kid that goes to a group home could 5 A. But program Y does not have -- has a bed? just as well go to a Wilderness program, 6 6 7 7 couldn't he? A. Program X does not have a bed, but this is our 8 A. Repeat that again. 8 decision. 9 Q. A kid that goes to a group home could just as 9 O. Yes. 10 well go to a Wilderness program, couldn't he? 10 A. So your question is about X and Y? A. I wouldn't suggest that. Q. He could go to the program that has an open 11 11 bed, couldn't he? 12 Q. Well, tell me what criteria that you review 12 13 that says a person can go to a group home but 13 MR. PERRY: Objection to the form. can't go to a Wilderness program. 14 14 Q. He could go to the facility that has the open 15 A. I would look at their risk score and the crime 15 bed, couldn't he? 16 16 If he met the risk score -- if the risk in which they committed to come in, and the 17 length of time and what they really need. 17 score didn't keep him out of that facility, he Q. Well--18 18 could go to that facility, couldn't he? A. Yes. A. There are variables that are being left out 19 19 Q. But, Queen, screening and placement is there 20 20 here. 21 not to make treatment decisions, are they? 21 Q. Listen to my question. Mr. Perry can ask you 22 22 whatever questions he wants when we're done. A. Again, I say they do not. Q. So a child -- I'm sorry. Did you finish? 23 23 If you staffed him to program X, but

	Page 34		Page 36
1	there is a bed open in program Y, and his risk	1	A. Not everything is reflected in the risk,
2	score says he could go to program Y, he could	2	but the behavior. When I read a record, I
3	go to program Y, couldn't he?	3	look at behavior. And I might recognize
4	MR. PERRY: Queen, if the answer to	4	something.
5	your question don't worry	5	Q. Queen, the risk score takes into account all
6	about whether I'm going to ask	6	of those considerations related to behavior
7	you any questions. If you know	7	and past offenses, doesn't it?
8	the answer, answer it. If there	8	A. Did you want me to read it all?
9	are things that are being left	9	Q. No. I'm just asking you about the risk
10	out, tell him there's things	10	assessment, Queen, whether or not that entails
11	being left out. But don't let	11	all of the things you're so what else is
12	him force you to answer a	12	there besides age and risk?
13	question when things are being	13	A. But, now, I'm sure you know, like I know, you
14	left out.	14	just cannot look at a number and determine,
15	A. He's right. There are things that are being	15	even though that's there, what a child needs
16	left out.	16	just based on a number. Two kids may have the
17	Q. All right. If you recognize screening and	17	same number, but they're unique in their own
18	placement doesn't make treatment decisions	18	way. It's not the same.
19	other than the risk score and gender, tell me	19	Q. Queen, your background is education, right?
20	what's being left out.	20	A. Yes.
21	A. We're looking at believe it or not, we're	21	Q. Okay. So when it comes to treatment needs
22	looking at age. We're looking at education.	22	other than education, not that you're not
23	Q. All right. Stop. Let's take	23	qualified but you're not qualified to make
	Page 35		Page 37
1	A. We're looking at	1	those determinations, are you?
2	Q. Let's take them one at a time. Let's take	2	A. No.
3	them one at a time. You said the first one is	3	Q. Okay. And you agree with that, don't you?
4	age. It would be another variable, right?	4	A. Yes.
5	A. Uh-huh (positive response.)	5	Q. Now, when it comes to education at DYS, you
6	Q. Okay. The second one you said is education?	6	are the education guru. I'll even tell John
7	A. Uh-huh (positive response).	7	Stewart I said that.
8	Q. Right? Which you testified a minute ago	8	But when it comes to treatment needs of
9	doesn't matter, because wherever they're going	9	children other than education, that's outside
10	to be, they're going to get what they're	10	your field of expertise, isn't it?
11	entitled to, right?	11	A. Yes.
12	A. Hopefully.	12	Q. Okay. You've worked with Garry for six years
13	Q. Okay. So we have age. Education is gone.	13	now, right?
14	What else?	14	A. Garry? Garry Gregg?
15	A. The risk.	15	Q. Yes.
16	Q. Well, we already said risk is the first one.	16	A. Maybe. I don't know. I don't keep up with
17	A. We're looking at how many times the student	17	years.
18	has been which creates helps to create	18	Q. Who else is on screening and placement with
19	that risk score.	19	you?
20	Q. Well, that's the same as risk, isn't it?	20	A. With me now?
21	A. Yeah. But you're looking at their behavior.	21	Q. Yes.
22 23	Q. Well, that's all reflected in the risk score, isn't it?	22 23	A. Garry, Jada, Mr. Pendergast, myself.Q. All right. You would agree with me that Jada

	Page 38		Page 40
1	doesn't have the expertise to make treatment	1	other things.
2	decisions regarding children?	2	Q. Sure. Why do y'all only meet once a week?
3	A. I can't say that. I don't know.	3	A. We meet once a week.
4	Q. Do you think Jada has the educational or	4	Q. Why do you only meet once a week?
5	experience to make treatment needs regarding	5	A. Why?
6	children?	6	Q. Yes.
7	MR. PERRY: You just asked her and	7	A. We usually get the folders I mean, we get
8	she just answered.	8	children's records sent in starting on Friday
9	Q. You can go ahead and answer.	9	afternoon up through Wednesday.
10	MR. PERRY: You didn't like her	10	Q. Well, Queen, if all the records are in on
11	answer. You want to make her	11	Wednesday or Thursday, everything is there,
12	change it?	12	why should a child, particularly a child in
13	A. I honestly do not know.	13	detention, have to wait a whole week before
14	Q. Okay. Do you know what Garry's background is?	14	y'all make a recommendation regarding that?
15	A. I know he works with community service.	15	A. I didn't say they were in on Thursday. We
16	Q. Okay. Queen, with all due respect, other than	16	meet on kids whose records tend to start
17	your education, tell me who on that committee	17	coming in maybe that Friday or maybe that
18	is qualified to make placement decisions	18	Monday. And it's not all the time that it
19	regarding that child based on anything other	19	happens like that, so
20	than age, gender, and risk?	20	Q. Queen, are you aware that every day completed
21	A. Me? Ask that question, please, again. I	21	packets are sent to DYS?
22	don't want to give you the wrong answer.	22	A. We may get packages.
23	Q. There's not a right or wrong answer.	23	Q. Okay. And my question to you is, why should a
	Page 39		Page 41
1	MR. DRUMMOND: Julie, can you read	1	child, particularly in detention, have to wait
2	it back.	2	an entire week before a committee meets to
3	COURT REPORTER: Question: Queen,	3	make a recommendation about where he'll be
4	with all due respect, other than	4	placed?
5	your education, tell me who on	5	A. We may be waiting on something that's not in
6	that committee is qualified to	6	the records
7	make placement decisions	7	Q. No, ma'am.
8	regarding that child based on	8	A when it's sent to us.
9	anything other than age, gender,	9	Q. My question is, the entire packet is complete,
10	and risk?	10	everything is there, why should a child have
11	A. I think the others are. I can assume that	11	to wait up to a week to get staffed?
12	they are.	12	A. I'm not saying that he's waiting, he or she is
13	Q. I'm sorry. I didn't understand.	13	waiting a week. Because we're talking about
14	A. I do the education and I help make decisions	14	maybe three days after we meet.
15	about the kids and where they are going. So I	15	Q. Are you saying that because you believe that
16	guess you're saying I'm not qualified to do	16	the packets are put together on Friday and
17	that.	17	then y'all can begin looking at them on
18	Q. That's not what I said. I said other than the	18	Monday?
19	education component, who is qualified to make	19	A. No. I'm saying that packages are put together
20	those decisions on that committee?	20	when they come in. And once they are put
21	A. Mr. Pendergast and Jada and Garry, if you	21	together they may come in on Monday,
22	eliminate education, which is mainly, you	22	Tuesday, Wednesday prior to our meeting. We
23	know, what I'm looking at. And I do look at	23	get those packages, and we read them. I read

	Page 42		Page 44
1	this morning before I had to come here.	1	program, correct? Right?
2	Q. Queen, do you understand DYS receives	2	A. Right.
3	completed packages every day of the week? Do	3	Q. And that's a treatment decision as we've
4	you understand that?	4	talked about, right?
5	A. I'm sure they probably do.	5	A. We make decisions, screening and placement.
6	Q. Okay.	6	We don't make you said earlier, and I
7	A. Yes.	7	agreed, we don't do treatment plans. We make
8	Q. And my question is to you, why should a child	8	decisions as to what facility may be able to
9	have to wait up to a week before y'all review	9	be the best place for the treatment.
10	that child and make a decision about where	10	Q. Well, Queen, since you, other than Pat, have
11	he'll be placed?	11	the most seniority on that committee, how many
12	A. I don't know. I don't know.	12	times have you sent a child on placed him
13	Q. Queen, if a	13	at home under home supervision and gone ahead
14	MR. DRUMMOND: What's the time?	14	and done their evaluation and developed their
15	MR. PERRY: About ten minutes.	15	service plan while they're waiting to come in?
16	Q. Queen, do you agree with me and do you	16	A. It's hard. I can't determine numbers, how
17	understand it's DYS policy that if a child has	17	many times. I know that there were kids who
18	a need, whatever facility he's at, DYS is to	18	were evaluated while they were at home.
19	secure that service for him to meet that need?	19	Q. Okay. But kids that are in detention, DYS can
20	A. Yes.	20	place those kids at home, can't they?
21	Q. Do you know that to be DYS policy?	21	A. I don't know.
22	A. In good faith they try.	22	Q. Okay. Have you ever contemplated having a kid
23	Q. And so you're familiar with electronic	23	in detention making a recommendation that
	Page 43		Page 45
1	monitoring?	1	he be placed at home or placed on electronic
2	A. I've heard about it.	2	monitoring?
3	Q. You're aware that a child who has been	3	A. No.
4	committed to DYS could be placed on electronic	4	Q. Okay. So, Queen, in reality, what y'all do is
5	monitoring by DYS, aren't you?	5	you take your list of facilities that exist
6	A. I don't know.	6	within the system, correct? You take that
7	Q. All right. Well, have you ever considered	7	list and you decide where that child should be
8	during your time on screening and placement of	8	placed initially?
9	placing a child on electronic monitoring while	9	A. With other variables in mind, court decisions,
10	they're waiting for their placement?	10	PO recommendations, what's needed in
11	A. No.	11	treatment. I like to feel that what we're
12	Q. A child could have their service plan	12	doing makes a difference in the child's life.
13	developed in detention, couldn't they?	13	Q. Do you think it makes a difference in a
14	A. You said I'm not qualified to do that.	14	child's life to be sitting in detention for a
15	Q. No, I didn't say you do it. I just said	15	month to go to a twenty-eight day program?
16	screening and placement could DYS could	16	A. I can't make a decision about that. That's
17	develop service plans for kids in detention	17	out of my control.
18	while they're waiting, couldn't they?	18	Q. Queen, how many times have you recommended
19	A. I can't say that. I'm not on a service	19	during your six years that a child be placed
20	plan you know, people who develop the	20	on electronic monitoring and sent home from
21 22	service plans. Q. Well, we've already established that you make	21 22	detention pending placement? A. Never.
	recommendations to send kids to the HIT	23	A. Never. Q. How many times have you recommended that the
23			

		T	
	Page 46		Page 48
1	child be placed back at home under some rules	1	Defendant.
2	established by the department and that he come	2	CASE NO: 02:06cv755-MHT
3	to one of the campuses and participate in	3	* * * * * * * * *
4	various programs?	4	J.B., a minor child, by and through
5	A. Never.	5	his next friend, ADDIE WARD, on
6	Q. How many times have you or screening and	6	behalf of himself and all others
7	placement recommended that a child be at home	7	similarly situated,
8	and participate in the CAPS program at the	8	Plaintiff,
9	Mt. Meigs campus?	9	VS.
10	A. I have never.	10	WALTER WOOD, in his individual
11	Q. Okay. How many times have you, as part of	11	capacity,
12	screening and placement, ever even	12	Defendant.
13	contemplated those options?	13	CASE NO: 02:06cv908-MHT,
14	A. Never.	14	In the United States District Court
15	MR. DRUMMOND: Mr. Perry may have	15	for the Middle District of Alabama
16	some questions for you. If not,	16	Northern Division,
17	we're done.	17	on Wednesday, August 1, 2007.
18	MR. PERRY: No.	18	The foregoing 48 computer-printed pages
19	MR. DRUMMOND: Thank you, ma'am.	19	contain a true and correct transcript of the
20	It's nice seeing you again.	20	examination of said witness by counsel for the parties
21	THE WITNESS: Good seeing you too.	21	set out herein. The reading and signing of same is
22	(The deposition concluded at	22	hereby waived.
23	approximately 2:30 p.m.)	23	I further certify that I am neither of kin
	Page 47		Page 49
1	******	1	nor of counsel to the parties to said cause
2	FURTHER DEPONENT SAITH NOT	2	nor in any manner interested in the results
3	*****	3	thereof.
4		4	This 9th day of August, 2007.
5	REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE	5	•
6	STATE OF ALABAMA:	6	
7	BUTLER COUNTY:	7	
8	BUILLICOUNT.	١.	Julie A. Duncan,
9	I, Julie A. Duncan, Court Reporter and	8	Court Reporter and
10	Commissioner for the State of Alabama at Large, do		Commissioner for the State
11	hereby certify that I reported the deposition of:	9	of Alabama at Large
12	QUEEN BARKER	111	10
13	who was first duly sworn by me to speak the truth,	11 12	
$\frac{13}{14}$	the whole truth and nothing but the truth, in the	13	
15	matter of:	14	
16	J.B., a minor child, by and through	15	
17	his next friend, ADDIE WARD, on	16	
18	behalf of himself and all others	17	
19	similarly situated,	18	
20	Plaintiff,	19	
21	vs.	20	
22	WALTER WOOD, in his individual	21	
23	capacity,	22 23	
ر ب	сарасну,	<u> ∠3</u>	